CARSON'S ANTI-CORROSION PAINT
for Outdoor use. Stands extremes of HEAT and COLD.
CARSON'S SPECIAL CONDENSED WHITE ZINC PAINT
Superior to any other for body and covering power.
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(Non-poisonous). Specially prepared; quality unequalled
CARSON'S VARNISHES & COLOURS
Own manufacture.
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Special attention paid to Filling and Packing.
LISTS, containing Prices, Patterns, and full particulars, by Return Mail, FREE.
WALTER CARSON & SONS,
GROVE WORKS, BATTERSEA, LONDON, ENGLAND.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 50,796—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1896.

CHUBB'S SIX LEVER DETECTOR LOCKS
FOR
BANKERS AND MERCHANTS.
PERFECT IN ACTION;
HIGHLY FINISHED; AND CHEAP.
BOMBAY AGENT:
37, PARSEE BAZAAR, FORT.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY, ENGLISH MAIL.

COMMENCING with the s. s. "Peninsular" sailing on SATURDAY, the 19th September, Passengers will embark at NOON from the Ballard Pier.
Passengers arriving by the outward Mail Steamers will also land there.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	SATURDAY, 2 P.M.
B.I. PENINSULAR	5207	W. A. Wheler	19th Sept.
† THAMES	4113	W. J. Nantes	26th "
B.I. SHANNON	4189	E. Crewe	3rd October
* GANGES	4206	T. F. Creery	10th "
B.I. CARTHAGE	5283	M. De Horne	17th "
† THAMES	4113	W. J. Nantes	24th "
B.M. INDIA	8000	R. F. Briscoe	31st "
† ORIENTAL	5284	L. H. Moule	7th Nov.
B.I. CALEDONIA	7538	W. B. Andrews	14th "
† THAMES	4113	W. J. Nantes	21st "
B.I. PENINSULAR	5207	W. A. Wheler	28th "
† GANGES	4206	T. F. Creery	5th Dec.
B.I. INDIA	8000	R. F. Briscoe	12th "
† THAMES	4113	W. J. Nantes	19th "
B.I. ORIENTAL	5284	L. H. Moule	26th "

The Steamers marked B. I. proceed to BRINDISI MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH and LONDON.
The Steamers marked † proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipthere to a Steamer for BRINDISI and LONDON.
The "India" marked B.M. proceeds to Brindisi and Marseilles. Passengers for London by sea cannot be booked for this voyage.
The Steamer marked thus * proceeds to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to a Steamer for Brindisi, Marseilles and London.
Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 8 A.M. on the day of sailing.
A Steam Tender leaves the Ballard Pier at noon, on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for COLOMBO, AUSTRALIA, the STRAITS, CHINA, and JAPAN, and Return Tickets are issued on Favourable terms.
Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals.
For further particulars apply to

I. M. SHIELDS,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 5th September, 1896.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N.Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, *VIA* ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
IMPERATRIX	T. Rassevich.	4,194	750	1st Oct. 1896.
IMPERATOR	R. Vidos	4,119	750	1st Nov. 1896.
IMPERATRIX	T. Rassevich.	4,194	750	1st Dec. 1896.
IMPERATOR	B. Vidos	4,119	750	1st Jan. 1897.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE, VENICE, Or BRINDISI	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 4th of each month.
A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, *VIA* KURRACHEE, ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
MEDUSA	G. Wallnsching	2,706	350	7th Oct.
MARIA VALERIE	A. Fellner	4,935	350	7th Nov.
VINDOBONA	C. Bellen	4,351	350	7th Dec.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE or VENICE	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

STEAMERS for BOMBAY LEAVE TRIESTE on the 21st of each month.
A Surgeon and a Stewardess on board of every Steamer.
RETURN TICKETS
By either Accelerated or Ordinary Service to TRIESTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
AVAILABLE for 8 MONTHS	Rs. 900	Rs. 575
AVAILABLE for 12 MONTHS	Rs. 1060	Rs. 625

INCLUDING WINE OR BEER SUPPLIED AT MEALS.
THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.
1st and 2nd Class Single and Return are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothard's, and other Routes.
In connection with the Steamers' Tickets the Company issue now Railway Tickets to the Principal Towns of Austria and Germany, as well as Tickets by steamers of the "Nord-deutscher Lloyd" (North German Lloyd) to ports of North and South America, Australia, &c., called at by their vessels.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
VINDOBONA	C. Bellen	4,351	350	21st Sept., 1896.

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. DAPHNE to Madras and Colombo.
For further Particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

E. BACHRACH,
Acting Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, August 21, 1896.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA, Calling at ALEXANDRIA for BRINDISI and VENICE.

S. S. "Duc. BALDUINO" ..... 15th Oct., 1896.

Rates to Naples, Genoa, Brindisi, or Venice:—

1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Rs. 550	Rs. 325.	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO THE ABOVE PORTS:—1st class, Strictly within three Months, Rs. 750; six Months, Rs. 900; nine Months, Rs. 925; and twelve Months, Rs. 950.
Passengers have the option of going via Venice and Returning via Genoa or vice versa, and can Break their Journey at any Port, resuming it by subsequent Steamers of Bombay or other Weekly and Daily Local Lines.
Through and Return Tickets to London on Application.
BOMBAY to HONGKONG, calling at Singapore 8th of each month.
For Freights and Passage, &c., apply to

E. C. BARBORO,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Sept. 17, 1896.

GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.

BOMBAY—ZANZIBAR.

THE following Steamer will SAIL:—

Vessel.	Captain.	Tons.	To Sail
SAFARI	Kiene	1,432	25th September,

taking Cargo and Passengers for LAMU, MOMBASSA, ZANZIBAR and all Ports South of ZANZIBAR up to NATAL.
This Line also issue first, second, third class and deck through tickets to—

EAST LONDON	MADEIRA
ALGOA BAY	and
CAPE TOWN	SOUTHAMPTON

in connection with the Union Line Mail Steamers from Delagoa Bay, once a month.
For rates and particulars apply to

F. HEYER, Agent,
Albert Building, Hornby Road.
Bombay, 1st September, 1896.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO., BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA, BANKERS AND AGENTS.

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES booked without charge and on the most favourable terms. Berth carefully selected, with special attention to grouping.
SLEEPING CAR AND CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, &c. booked on terms of existing concessions.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, AND SOVEREIGNS, at current rates.
HAND-BOOKS supplied gratis, and general information promptly given.
LONDON AGENTS.—MESSRS. GRINDLAY & Co.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED),

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on the 19th Sept., at 2 p. m., or on arrival of in-coming English Mail Steamer, if later arriving.

FOR KURRACHEE VIA KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS AND MANDAVIE.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on the 22nd Sept., at 10 a.m., calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder and Cutch Mandvi, in the foregoing or any order. (Weather permitting.)

FOR KURRACHI VIA CUTCH MANDAVIE.

S. S. "KAPURTHALA," 1,120 tons, on the 19th Sept., at 10 a. m.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "KILWA," 1,552 tons, on or about the 24th Sept., noon, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Lingra, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order. (Weather permitting.)

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "BHUNDARA," 2,936 tons, about the 24th Sept., calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

FOR COAST AND RANGOON.

S. S. "CHILKA," 1,971 tons, on or about 3rd October.

FOR ADEN, LAMOO, MOMBASSA AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "GOA," 1,903 tons, on or about 10th October.

FOR SEYCHELLES, MOMBASSA, ZANZIBAR AND DELAGOA BAY.

S. S. "PATNA," 1,797 tons, on or about 26th Sept., calling at Seychelles, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Inhambane, and Delagoa Bay in the foregoing or any order.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 17th September, 1896.

KING, KING & CO.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge or Commission.

Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and full information as to berths available, furnished at once.

Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

THROUGH RAILWAY TICKETS from any Station in India to Bombay, and Tickets for all Continental Routes furnished on application.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance effected at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

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CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

STEAM,

CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *via* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

	Tons.	Date of leaving Calcutta.
S. S. MATEANA	5,264	On or about the 5th October.

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 3rd Sept., 1896. Agents.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS,
Under Contract with the French Government.
DEPARTURES TO MARSEILLES, DIRECT,
VIA ADEN, SUEZ & PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on Saturday, at noon.
SAGHALIEN	4049	Le Gall	3rd October 1896.
NATAL	4074	Bourdon	31st " "
OCEANIEN	4259	Schmitz	28th Nov. "
ERNEST SIMONS	5707	Le Troadec	26th Dec. "

DEPARTURES TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessel.	Capt.	Tons.	To sail on or about
MELBOURNE	Rogliano	4,080	24th Sept.

Four weekly departures thereafter.
Passengers for Australia Tranship at Colombo.
A steam launch from Ballard Pier will convey Passengers on Board.
The S. S. "ALPHEE," Captain Despras, WILL LEAVE BOMBAY for DIEGO, SUAREZ, MAJUNGA, MOZAMBIQUE, BEIRA and DELAGOA BAY, on the 10th October, 1896.
The S.S. "PERSEPOLIS," Captain Etienne, WILL LEAVE BOMBAY for PERSIAN GULF, on or about 20th October, 1896.

N.B.—RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for four, six and twelve months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.
THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway fares, from Marseilles to London.
For further particulars apply to

E. DE BAILLOU, Agent.
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PERFECT VITAL INVIGORATOR.
THE FINEST TONIC IN THE WORLD.
A combination of powerful NERVE and BRAIN Tonics, so carefully compounded that each ingredient imparts its full remedial effect to the system. RAISING the SPIRITS; INCREASING the APPETITE and INVIGORATING the whole BODY.
Per Bottle Rs. 3.
PREPARED ONLY BY
KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

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WHOLESALE AND DISPENSING CHEMISTS
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IMPORTERS OF
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UNDERTAKE CONTRACTS FOR THE SUPPLY OF DRUGS AND MEDICINES MANUFACTURED AND PREPARED STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
BRITISH PHARMACOPŒIA.
ALSO FOR
SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS
AND
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OF GUARANTEED QUALITY.
TENDERS
CAN BE SUBMITTED TO
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No one need fear this fell disease if they have at hand
KEMP'S CHOLERA TINCTURE,
WHICH IS A SURE AND UNFAILING REMEDY.
Per Bottle, Re. 1, Re. 1-12, and Rs. 3-8.
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SINCE ITS INTRODUCTION INTO INDIA.
NO WHISKY has met with greater or more deserving Popularity than
FERRINTOSH.
It is a Pure, Mellow Spirit, free from Impurities, and well matured, and constitutes
THE BEST and at the same time THE CHEAPEST
PEG WHISKY IN INDIA.
Reduced to Rs. 26 per dozen.
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BAHADUR CIGARS.
PAR EXCELLENCE THE LEADING BRAND OF INDIAN CIGARS.
UNRIVALLED IN QUALITY AND FLAVOR.
The nearest approach to a GENUINE HAVANNA.

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BAHADURS No. 4.		BAHADUR PRINCESSAS.	
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THE PATENT
"MOVILLETTE" EYE-GLASS.
ABSOLUTELY THE MOST COMFORTABLE PINCE-NEZ EVER MANUFACTURED.
PERFECT FOR SPHERICAL CYLINDRICAL OR PRISMATIC LENSES.
A BOON TO PEOPLE who have noses with an even extended surface. To adjust the eye-glass is very simple. Two spurs are grasped between the finger and thumb of one hand. This causes the plaquets to extend, and the eye-glass is then placed on the nose. Upon releasing the pressure the plaquets adapt themselves in a very pleasant fashion to any shaped nose and with the very least feeling of pressure.
ADVANTAGES OF THE NEW "MOVILLETTE."
1. They adapt themselves to any shaped nose.
2. One hand only is necessary to adjust them.
3. They always maintain their horizontal position.
4. They are suitable for any kind of lens.
5. They are easy to repair and do not soon get out of order.
6. They are neatness itself.
7. They do not injure the cartilage of the nose.
8. They are the acme of comfort.
9. The lenses need not be touched by the fingers.
CAN BE PROCURED FROM
MARCKS & CO., LIMITED,
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DEWAR'S PERTH WHISKY.
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CELEBRATED WINES & BRANDIES.

CLARETS	WHITE WINES	BRANDIES.
MEDOC	GRAVES	* COGNAC
ST. JULIEN	BARSAC	* "
ST. ESTEPHE	SAUTERNE	* * * "
MARGAUX		1884 Vintage.

Specially recommended.
The Brandies of this Firm are recognised on the Continent and in England as equal to any of the well-known Brands; while the Wines are of exceptionally good value.
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LATHAM & CO., Bunder Road, KARACHI. Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

BLANDY BROS., MADEIRA & LONDON.
MADEIRAS. PORTS. SHERRIES.
SOLE AGENTS FOR WESTERN INDIA:—
LATHAM & CO., Bunder Road, KARACHI. Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

COURVOISIER'S BRANDY,
CONSUMED LARGELY THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.
IT IS a SIGNIFICANT FACT, despite the proverb that a prophet has no honour in his own country, that it is precisely in France and along the Riviera where this Brand enjoys the greatest popularity, commanding, in short, the highest price in the Market. Rs. 2-4 per bottle of D. C. OOMRIGUR, D. D. BANNA, M. P. BARIA, J. N. GAZDAR, E. B. LAKDAWALA and J. F. KATHOKE.

HOT WEATHER.
GENT'S INDIA GAUZE UNDER-VESTS.
FOR HOT WEATHER WEAR, GOOD VALUE.
6 FOR RS. 12.
OUT SIZES RS. 2. EXTRA.
THORPE AND CO.,
HOSIERS, GLOVERS, &c.,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

HYDROCARBINE OR HAIR RENOVATOR.
THE wonderful success of PETROLEUM as a Hair Producer induced us to make experiments with the crude oil, with a view of producing a refined dressing without destroying this invaluable property. This elegant preparation which we call "HYDROCARBINE" has passed severe tests, and we confidently recommend it as one of the most wonderful Hair producers known.
Price per Bottle Rs. 2.
Prepared only by
KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

GEMMED RINGS.
AT present our Supply comprises the prettiest collection in the World of this form of ORNAMENT. The style of setting of a few is quite "ORIENTAL." The application of the term Oriental conveys an idea of crude workmanship to many minds; but we beg to state that our collection though suggesting crudity in an appreciable form as far as fashion is concerned is made up of the finest and most finished workmanship. Better value is not obtainable in any Establishment at Bombay, Native or European. Quality for Quality our prices will be found the lowest in Bombay. For the finest Qualities in Diamonds, Rubies, Emeralds, Sapphire, Turquoises, etc., etc.
MARCKS & Co., Ld.,
JEWELLERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

...W ADVERTISEMENTS.

ATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from the 16th to the 22nd instant, both dates inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
H. CHALMER,
Manager.

Bombay, 16th September, 1896.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on MONDAY, the 21st instant, that day being a Public Holiday under the "Negotiable Instruments Act 1881."

A. MURRAY,
Deputy Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 16th September, 1896.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED on MONDAY, the 21st September, being a Public Holiday under the "Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881."

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of 12 per cent. for the year ending 31st December, 1895, will be paid to Registered Shareholders, on and after WEDNESDAY, the 23rd September, 1896, at the Offices of the Company, Albert Building.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Manager and Actuary.

Albert Building, Bombay, 17th September, 1896.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. MULJI PURSHOTAM has contracted to SELL the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim, or claims against the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, gift, sale, lien, lease or otherwise are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Undersigned at their Office, situate at No. 4, Hummum Street, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise all such claims if any will be considered as waived and the sale will be completed without regard to any such claims if any :—

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Foras land or ground together with the messuage, tenements and dwelling-houses standing thereon, situate, lying and being without the Fort of Bombay, at Lower Mahim, Elphinstone Road, containing by admeasurement 16140 2-3 square yards or thereabouts, and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 54, 55 and 56 and 57, New Nos. 12850, 12851, 11939 and 11141, and New Survey No. 3-1929, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward No. 3464, Street No. 928,and bounded as follows :—That is to say on or towards the North by a public passage, on or towards the South partly by the property belonging to Shrikrishna Raghoonath, Gunputrao Raghoonath and Gajanan Krishnanath, and partly by the property belonging to J. M. DeSa, on or towards the East partly by the Tulsi Water-pipe and Road and partly by the property of the said Shrikrishna Raghoonath, Gunputrao Raghoonath and Gajanan Krishnanath, partly by the property of Trevenibai and Luxumibai, widow of Dinaji Oodhernath and partly by the property of J. M. DeSa, and on or towards the West by the property of Mathews Pascoal deSile, and which property is at present in the occupation of the Vendor Mulji Purshotam.

CHITNIS, MOTILAL & MALVI,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

KRONPRINZ
PILSENER & LAGER BEERS.

Pure Light Beer Guaranteed. Made from Hops

(IN WHITE BOTTLES).

HE WELL-KNOWN AND POPULAR

CORKSCREW BRAND.

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"NEUBERG'S CHEROOTS."

NEW SHIPMENT OF

TRICHINOPOLY

CIGARS & CHEROOTS.

"Well rolled and well flavoured they bear off the palm.
They soothe leisure moments and anger disarm,
From the crown of your hat to the soles of your boots,
You feel that there's virtue in Neuberg's Cheroots."

Respectful attention is requested to present Stocks, which are simply *unapproachable* as regards QUALITY and CONDITION.

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FLOR DE JAVAS.

Not to be confounded with so-called JAVAS obtaining elsewhere. These are the ONLY ORIGINAL JAVAS.

FREE DRAUGHT,

SPLENDID CONDITION,

PUREST TOBACCO.

"TORPEDO SPECIALS ;"
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And all the present leading Indian Brands.

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"SPOTTED DOGS,"
"SPOTTED ZENOBIAS,"
"SEMIRAMIS."

The Genuine Articles. Very Choice.

REAL BURMAH CHEROOTS.

Direct from Burmah
Very finest obtainable.

NEUBERG'S "CONDITIONERS"

FOR THE

MONSOON,

Keeps Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos in perfect condition.

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51, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

CALEDONIAN INSURANCE COMPANY,

FOUNDED 1805.

THE OLDEST SCOTTISH INSURANCE OFFICE

HEAD OFFICE : 19, George Street, Edinburgh.
FIRE RESERVE FUNDS..... £577,096

Fire Insurances accepted on approved property, at Current Rates.

C. MacDONALD & Co.
Agents in Bombay.

23, Apollo Street.

"GLEN BROOM" WHISKY.

FINE OLD SCOTCH.

Rs. 30-0 per Doz., Cash or V. P. P.

SOLE AGENTS :

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 19th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Hummum Street, Fort, opposite the Art Gallery, (where the things have been removed for sale) the valuable and neat made teak and blackwood household furniture by Roberts and others, best plated ware, crockery and glassware, windproof lamps, etc., the property of J. O'CONNELL, Esq., and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 21st instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms a quantity of grey, white, and coloured piecegoods, and the following :—

1 solid mahogany square pianoforte by Rose and Co.
1 set brass-mounted brown leather single harness.
5 hunting and pony saddles and a few pairs of brown leather lace boots.

A lot of handsome table and hanging kerosine-oil lamps, hand lanterns, spare chimneys and shades, &c.

The effects of a deceased officer, consisting of uniforms, surgical instruments, wearing apparel, plated vegetable dishes and flower vases, leather trunks, tin-box and sundries.

A quantity of household furniture, consisting of cushioned sofas and chairs, sideboard, tables, and teapoys, dressing and washhand tables, bedstead, wardrobe, almyrah, &c.

By order of Makhanlal Bhajrangial, and on account and at the risk of Choonilal Premchund—

A quantity of false pearls and false rings.

AT 2 P.M.

1 light strong-built victoria.
1 strong second-hand brougham.
1 e-rviceable second-hand shigram.
1 light dog-cart.
1 second-hand quadrant tricycle.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

On TUESDAY, the 22nd instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the Hinks' Lamp Depot, Medows Street, Fort, opposite Mr. N. M. Petit's office, the whole of the stock-in-trade, consisting of 1, 2, 3, and 4 light hanging lamps of various descriptions, table and standing lamps, of elegant designs, glass hall lamps, fancy paper shades, punkha protectors, wicks, chimneys, burners, founts, etc.

The property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

SALE OF VULUABLE LANDED PROPERTY ON THE ELPHINSTONE ESTATE OUTSIDE THE FORT.

On THURSDAY, the 24th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of the mortgagees Luckmajee Ladhajee and Co., and on account and at the risk of the estate of the late Gowrabai, wife of Tarachand Oridass Dongra, the mortgagor, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 20th day of July, 1892, the undermentioned landed property, viz. :—

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground together with the buildings, consisting of six compartments or warehouses standing thereon, situate on the Elphinstone Estate in the Island of Bombay, fronting on the north side of Sholapur Street, containing by admeasurement 1766 and six-ninths square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the north by Raichur Street, on the south by Sholapur Street, on the east by vacant ground belonging to the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, and on the west by Argyle Road, and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 3186, and are situated in the Registration sub-district of Bombay.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

On a date to be fixed hereafter Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 101, Middle Colaba, the valuable and handsome black wood and teak wood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome C spring victoria with Arab horse and English harness, windproof lamps by Hinks, rich table ornaments, Brussels carpets, etc., the property of J. A. YATES, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 18th Sept., 1896.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY the 19th inst., Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods :—

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 handsome strong-built victoria in very good order.
1 handsome strong-glass-fronted miniature brougham.
1 powerful bay Arab, 9 years old, goes in single and double harness.
1 flea-bitten grey Arab horse, 14-2, quiet to ride and drive, believed sound.
1 iron-grey C B mare, 14 hands, 5 years, very quiet and fast.
1 chesnut C B mare, 14 hands, 5 years, goes in harness, very quiet and fast,
1 second-haud office shigram.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY.

AUCTION SALE of very Valuable Bungalow at Poona known as "Tankerville," in the Civil Lines, near the Post Office and St. Paul's Church, to be sold without reserve.

On MONDAY, the 21st instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. have been favoured with instructions to sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the following very valuable bungalow with outhouses, &c., to the highest bidder, without reserve.

A large and commodious house, centrally situated in the Civil Lines, Poona, near the Post Office and St. Paul's Church, and has a carriage entrance from the Synagogue-road also. It has an extensive compound, about 4 acres and 29 gunthas, or thereabouts.

There are two blocks of buildings connected by a passage which makes them into one commodious dwelling-house.

Under one roof or in one block there is a large dining-room, a set of bachelors' bed-rooms, an office-room, with two other smaller rooms, and a back verandah.

Under another roof or another block there is a nice dining-room with three sets of large bed-rooms, and a verandah at the back.

Both these buildings face the west.

There are four ranges of stables, servants' quarters, office, &c., &c., in the compound.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On WEDNESDAY, the 23rd instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Pedder Road, Cumballa Hill, very valuable and handsome substantial-made well-seasoned household furniture by Wimbridge and others (specially made to order), best electro-plated-ware, very rich crockery and glassware, a first-rate mahogany full-sized slate billiard table by Thurston, with balls, cues, etc., and a six-light Billiard lamp, a splendid rosewood semi-grand pianoforte on Steinways System by Soundy and Co., in capital order, a large size black marble clock striking hours and half-hours, a sewing machine by Singer, very rich large size Persian carpets, handsome Ditmar's table hanging and wall kerosine lamps with Hinks' burners, a large size fish aquarium on substantial-made stand, handsome China and Japanese table ornaments, a strong-built four-seated open carriage in good order, a strong victoria with a powerful bay Arab horse, a large size English coal cooking stove, one English cow, a very large collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, water tank, lawn mower, etc., the property of H. WILMOTT ULOTH, Esq.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 18th September, 1896.

NEWAR! NEWAR!!

FOR the best and strongest Newar (or cotton tape) for Newar beds, apply to the ELGIN MILLS, Cawnpore.

R. SCOTT & CO., M. R. C. V. S.,
GIRGAUM VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES.
OLDEST ESTABLISHED FIRM IN BOMBAY.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses Selected for local and Up-country constituents. Horses shod on the most approved principles under Personal Supervision.

Horses broken to single (Rs 15) and double Harness (Rs. 30) and Saddle (Rs 15) Raw Walers Charged extra. Horses standing on Commission Sale, or for treatment—

	Rs.	a.
At Livery, including Syce, per mensem	35	0
Commission on Horses Bought or Sold	17	0
Examination and Certificate	10	0
Verbal opinion as to Soundness	5	0

Crushed Horse food, best in the market, per cwt. Rs. 5
Special mixtures, Crushed Oats, Bran, etc., supplied.

ELECTRICITY.

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY.

FOR loss of power, weakness, nervousness, low spirits, neuralgia, loss of appetite, premature decay loss of nerve-power, poorness of blood, nervous exertions sleeplessness, &c. This medicine is highly approved by

DR. D. SOME,
Physician to H. E. the Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

Specially recommended in cases of loss of power by Brigade-Surgeon

J. M. COATES,
Principal, Medical College :—Calcutta.

Price :—Rs. 2 per box.

R. WISEMAN & Co.,
FYZABAD

EDUCATION IN GERMANY.

HOME in the family of Dr. Gloël for one or two boys, attending the Royal College (Gymnasium in Wesel. Residence in healthy situation surrounded by Private Park. Terms £ 75 per year.

Application to

Dr. GLOEL,
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A LIMITED NUMBER of PUPILS from INDIA are received at a Pleasantly Situated Country Home, near Cambridge. The usual English subjects and accomplishments carefully Taught by a duly qualified Staff of Resident Governesses and Visiting Professors. Charming walks, Refined and Comfortable Home, and good Library Special attention paid to delicate or backward Pupils. Apply "C.P." Advertising Dept. "Gazette" Office, Bombay

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THE ARMY AND NAVY CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LIMITED.

(Of 105, Victoria St., Westminster, London, S.W.)

THE Bombay and Karachi Depots of this SOCIETY, will be CLOSED on SATURDAY, the 19th instant, for stock-taking.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.
DEBENTURE LOAN, 1896.

WITH the sanction of the Government of India and under the provisions of Sections 39-42 of the Bombay Port Trust Act, 1879, and of Section 2 of Act I of 1881, the Trustees of the Port of Bombay invite Tenders for PORT TRUST DEBENTURES to the extent of Ten and one quarter Lakhs Rupees (Rs 10,25, 000) for the purpose of various works of improvement to the properties of the Trust.

The Trustees have fixed a minimum rate of 100 per cent. under which rate no Tender will be accepted. Allotments will be made to all Tenderers at or over 100 per cent. in full to the highest, and rateably to the next lower Tenderers in the event of the amount offered being in excess of that to be issued.

These Debentures will be issued for sums of Rs. 500 or multiples of Rs. 500 as may be required ; they will be repayable to holder in thirty years, and will bear interest at 3½ per cent. per annum, payable half-yearly.

2 per cent. of the amount tendered to be deposited on application.

And the balance on or before SATURDAY, 17th October, 1896, from which date interest will accrue.

The deposit of 2 per cent. will be returned if no allotment is made, and it will be forfeited if an allotment is not fully taken up on the last date named.

Tenders will be received by the Secretary, Port Trust, up to 1 o'clock p.m. (gun-fire), on Tuesday, 22nd September, 1896, and they will thereafter be opened in the presence of the Finance Committee of the Trustees.

Printed Forms of Tender can be obtained on application to the Secretary, Port Trust.

Under Clause 41 of the Port Trust Act, 1879, the interest on these Debentures will form a charge on the Trustees' revenue *prior* to the charge of interest on any portion of the Trustees' debt to Government which may, from time to time, be owing.

By Order of the Trustees,
F. G. DUMAYNE.
Secretary.

Bombay, 1st September, 1896.

DEBENTURE LOAN, 1896.
FORM OF TENDER.

I_____of_____hereby tender for Rupees_____of Bombay Port Trust Debentures, and agree to pay for the same, subject to the conditions advertised, at the rate of Rupees _____ Annas _____for every Hundred Rupees allotted to me.

I enclose Rupees_____and engage, if my offer be accepted, to pay to the account of the Trustees at the Bank of Bombay the balance of the allotment on or before the 17th October, 1896.

I require the amount in_____Debentures of Rupees_____each.

(Signature)_____
(Address)_____

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.
NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for the working of the Company's Quarries at NEELA and DOONGRI for the next three years commencing from 1st January 1897 to supply stone metal rubble and quarry spalls between Grant Road Station and Breach. Specification and Schedule may be seen at the office of the undersigned. Tenders must be sealed, written in English and marked "Tender for Neela or Doongri ballast" and registered in this office before 1 P.M., gun-fire, on the 1st October 1896. The sum of Rs. 20 must be paid into the Company's treasury on the 1st October, as earnest-money, which sum will not be returned.

The undersigned does not bind himself to recommend the lowest or any tender.

W. H. WOLFF,
Ag. Resident Engineer.

Resident Engineer's Office, Bombay, 4th Sept. 1896.

THE AGRA SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the 10TH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Mill premises on TUESDAY, the 22nd September next, at 4 p.m., to transact the following business :—

1ST.—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1896.

2ND.—To elect Directors in place of those whose term has expired and are eligible to be re-elected.

3RD.—To elect Auditors for the ensuing year and fix their remuneration.

4TH.—To sanction the question of Messrs. John and Company's bonus.

5TH.—To settle the question of working the Looms.

A. JOHN & Co., Managing Agents,
Agra Spinning and Weaving Mills Co., Ld.

Agra, 18th August, 1896.

CARLSBAD NATURAL MINERAL WATERS are used in the treatment of Diseases of the Liver when Patients are unable to visit the Spa.

THE NATURAL CARLSBAD SPRUDEL-SALT is an efficient diuretic, but as an aperient it should be taken before breakfast in doses of from one to two teaspoonfuls dissolved in water.

INGRAM & ROYLE, LD.,
LONDON & LIVERPOOL.
Wholesale Agent for India :—
STANLEY OAKES.

13-2 Government Place, Calcutta, and of all Chemists.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £160,000

HEAD OFFICE :
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E.C.

BRANCHES :
Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Colombo, Kurrachee, Delhi, Rangoon, Mandalay, Tuticorin, Kandy, Newera Eliya, Zanzibar, Steamer Point, Aden, Cawnpore and Mombassa.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

CRÉDIT LYONNAIS.
ESTABLISHED 1863.

CAPITAL.....Fcs. 200,000,000 = £8,000,000
RESERVE FUND...Fcs. 40,000,000 = £1,600,000

BOMBAY BRANCH : ESPLANADE ROAD.

CENTRAL OFFICE : PARIS. HEAD OFFICE : LYONS.

BRANCHES in all the principal Towns of France and Algiers

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THE CREDIT LYONNAIS, BOMBAY BRANCH sells Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on all parts of the world, negotiates and collects Bills and Coupons on all English and Foreign Towns.

Issues Letters of Credit.

Exchanges Foreign money, executes investment orders in Securities on all Indian, English, or Foreign Stock Exchanges and gives information when required on Securities dealt in on the Leading Stock Exchanges.

Receives Securities for safe custody and collects interests or dividends on same on conditions to be arranged.

Grants advances in current account, or for fixed periods, on Rupee paper, approved stock, shares, bullion, and produce.

Opens deposit accounts, allowing interest on the daily balances.

Receives fixed deposits on terms to be ascertained on application

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....Yens 12,000,000 = Rs. 34,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL... ..... " 4,500,000 = " 9,000,000
RESERVE FUND..... " 4,130,000 = " 8,260,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :

Kobe, London, Lyons, New York, San Francisco Hawaii, and Shanghai.

BANKERS—The LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK : The UNION BANK of LONDON : PARIS BANKING COMPANY & THE ALLIANCE BANK, LIMITED.

BOMBAY AGENCY :

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT, and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learned on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

M. TOSHIMA,
Agent.

Sirdar's Palace, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay

BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.,

MAKERS OF THE WELL-KNOWN "APOLLO" SHIRTS.

UNEQUALLED FOR STYLE, WEAR, FIT.

QUOTATIONS ON APPLICATION.

BOMBAY.

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THE NEW BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve and brain power, whether induced by worry, overwork, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, delusions, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, lassitude, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, physical incapacity, waste of vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability either to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, consumption, night sweats, &c., are all so many different phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, the cause of by far the greater portion of the misery, ill-health, and despondency by which we are confronted on every hand, that can only be successfully combated by the use of this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c. ; restores the failing powers, and imparts new life and energy to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

ZAROUBA

THE EXTRAORDINARY BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with ; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c., producing a soft, silky, infant-like smoothness, elasticity and clearness of complexion, skin and body. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, pains and swellings of the joints, syphilis, secondary symptoms, bone disease, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, wounds, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for TREZUKA or ZAROUBA, whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled traders often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture) for the sake of extra profit. TREZUKA and ZAROUBA are Trade Marks, registered at the Patent Office. Legal proceedings will be taken against all persons pirating.

COMMON-SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A book for young men, containing just that information which every one contemplating matrimony should possess ; whilst married persons suffering from incapacity and exhaustion should procure it without delay. Price 6d., of any of the Agents for above medicines, or post free from NEVILL JOHNSON, 9, Bond St., Claremont Sq.

Agents for India TREACHER & Co., Limited, Bombay, Byculla and Poona.

THE

INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE
FOR SEPTEMBER, 1896.
SPECIAL TIME AND FARE TABLES
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ABSTRACT OF RULES AND REGULATIONS.
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INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID-UP CAPITAL—£800,000.
RESERVE FUND—£350,000.

HEAD OFFICE :
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

INTEREST ALLOWED

On CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balances up to Rs. 100,000.

All Letters should be addressed, and Remittances made Payable to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

T. FRASER,
Acting Agent.

COMMERCIAL AND LAND MORTGAGE BANK (LIMITED).

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....Rs. 25,00,000
RESERVE FUNDS AND REST... " 10,79,540

HEAD OFFICE :—MADRAS.

BRANCHES :—
BOMBAY AND RAWALPINDEE.

BANKERS & AGENTS throughout INDIA, BURMAH CEYLON, & in LONDON, EDINBURGH & DUBLIN.

LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

HON'BLE MR. FAZULBHOY GORDHANDAS KHATAO VISRAM, C.I.E. Esq.
SASSOON J. DAVID, Esq. NOWROJEE JEHANGIER GAMADIA, Esq.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Terms may be ascertained on application.

PRUDENTIAL FUND.—Bearing Half-yearly Compound Interest.

STERLING DEPOSITS.—4 per cent. per annum on Money awaiting remittal.

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LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on Security of Goods, Produce, Shares, House Property, and approved personal Security.

Every description of Banking Business Transacted.

Full Information and Rules of business furnished on application.

By Order of the Board:
F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL £1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£1,114,625
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... £557,312 10s.

HEAD OFFICE :
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS :
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Fixed Deposits for 12 months at 4 per cent.

Rates for Deposits for shorter periods may be learned on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

J. K. MOIR,
Manager.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

BANKS.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 100,00,000
Reserve Fund	$ 60,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

T. JACKSON, *Chief Manager.*

London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

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E. F. DUNCANSON, Esq. (of Messrs. T. A. Gibb & Co).
WM. ANASTATIUS JONES, Esq. (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited).
F. D. BARNES, Esq. (Managing Director. P. & O. S. N. Co.

EWEN CAMERON, G. E. NOBLE, } Managers.

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CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	SINGAPORE.
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	TIENTSIN.
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HAMBURG.	PEKING.	

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000.

Money taken on deposit for Fixed Periods, at rates to be learnt on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

G. H. TOWNSEND
Agent.

40, Church Gate Street, Bombay and at 31 Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.

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CAPITAL ...Fcs. 100,000,000 (£4,000,000).

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Deposit Accounts are Opened for Fixed Periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

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Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper Gold, Silver, and Produce.

C. HENRIOT,
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BEEHIVE BRANDY.

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PRINCE'S DOCK.
WINES AND SPIRITS,
Bottled by J. CONNELL.

WHISKIES.

OLD HIGHLAND ****	per doz. Rs.	38
OLD "HIGHLAND "***	" "	27
OLD SCOTCH (Yellow Label)	" "	24
OLD SCOTCH (White Label)	" "	23
OLD HIGHLAND C. WHISKY	" "	26
IRISH WHISKY	" "	25

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JAMES CONNELL'S ****, a choice, thoroughly matured grape spirit (12 years' old)	per doz. Rs.	47
JAMES CONNELL'S *** (10 years' old)	" "	35
JAMES CONNELL'S Old Pale, a good "Peg" Brandy	" "	23

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Secretary.

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REVENUE.....£ 2,650,872

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FIRST CLASS NATIVE LIVES.
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BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divid.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	10,000	Rs. 500	Rs. all	Rs. 10 p. c. } 1 bon. }	1415
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,345xd½
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,315
Commercial & Ld. Mge	{ 10,000 / 15,000 }	100	{ 100 / 75 }	10 p. c.	163
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	30
Chartered Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£27
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	$125	all	£1-5s.	£11
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	£12½	6 pr. ct.	300
MISCELLANEOUS.					
Alcock Ashdown	{ 1,750 / }	100	100	Yearly 15 7½	395
Asiatic Fire Insurance Co Ld	...	1,000	100	...	125
Back Bay Baths	500	50	50	1	5/
Badhan Pile	5,000	100	100	12	168
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	300	6,550
Do. New Issue	500	375	225	75	1,640
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	dvd 3	65
Bombay Land and Building Co. Limited	480	500	500	5 pr. ct.	50
Bombay Oriental Mill	720	600	600	50	1,480
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000		500	5 pr. ct.	250
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	12	250
Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co., Ld.	2,800	250	250	8 pr. ct.	350
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship. Co	6,000	100	10	10 pr. ct.	17
John Roberts & Co	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	190
Kamp & Co	4,000	200	175	21	362xd
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	300	35	200
Mavaks & Co., Ld	4,000	100	100	dvd Rs15	178xd
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	40
Naylor Foundry	1,000	100	100	...	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	10 pr. ct.	169
Phillips & Co., Ld	4,000	100	100	dvd Rs.6	100xd
Port Canning Co	2,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs20	500xd
Soondy & Co	1,500	100	100	9	50
Thacker & Co	5,000	500	25	60	1,075xd
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100		132
Telephone Co.	9,200	25	100	dvd Rs 1	3½
SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.					
				Half yearly	
Alliance	1,500	2,100	all	100	740
Ampthill	1,345		100	Nil	69
Aurungabad S. & M. Co., Ld.	618	1,000	1,000	60	1,000
Bellary S & W Co. Ld (Belgaum)	871	00	all	9 per ct.	290
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.40	850
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co	900	500	500	dvd Rs.30	630xd
Bombay National Manfg. Co. Ld	800	1,000	1,000		710
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.40	800
Central India	1,000	500	500	dvd Rs.50	1,75)
China Mills Co Ld	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.60	900
City of Bombay Mills	800	1,800	1,000	dvd Rs.5	11,120xd
Coimbatore S and W	6 000	180	100	9 per ct.	125
Connaught Mills	800	800	800	25	770xd
Colaba Land & Mills	4,000	700	...	dvd Rs12	645
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	660
Currimbhoy Mill	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.60	1,035xd
David Mill	1,400	500	500	dvd Rs.30	690xd
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	575
Empress	2,100	500	500	dvd 25	600xd
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.30	785
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	30	755
Hinguanghat Mills	700	500	500	40	660
Howard and Bullough	3,800	800	800	25	745xd
Hope Mills	500	1,000	1,000	50	625
Hydegabad	700	1,000	1,000	40	1,575
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	dvd Rs.15	570
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	60	1,285
Indo-China Manufacturing Co., Ld	700	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	800xd
James Greaves	1,100	500	500		745xd
Jaffer Ali	600	500	500	dvd Rs.20	295
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	dvd Rs.10	240xd
Jewraj Balloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.20	1,030
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld	843	1,000	1,000	20	600
Khandesh	750	1,500	1,000	dvd Rs30	870
Khangaum Manfg. Co	400	250	250	Nil	850
Khatao Mankunjee	1,000	1,200	1,000	dvd Rs35	820
Leopold	2,500	100	100	dvd Rs.10	278
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	30	890
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	1,180
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs. 120	2,400
Mahalaxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	580
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	5,400	500	500	15 pr ct	...
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	dv Rs100	2,760
Mazagon	5,000	250	250	dvd Rs 6	162½
Morarji Goculdas	1,050	1,000	1,000	dvdRs75	2,350
Mysore S & M Co Ld	4,000	250	250	dvd 15	250
Madura Mills	7,779	100	100	Nil	pa/
National	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	620
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs 20	640
Oriental	5,725	625	625	dvd Rs20	410
Presidency Mills Co (Ld).	743	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs50	1,360
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs40	980
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs60	1,285
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs60	1,250
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs40	1,775
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs40	975
Southern India	1,000	500	500	15	170
Southern Mahratta	1,312	250	250	dvRs12½	390
Sun Mills, Ld	1,300	250	250	dvRs 12½	500
Standard Mills Co.	1,600	500	500	25	430xd
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	830
Swadeshi Mills	475	500	500	dvd Rs20	745
Sassoon and Alliance	,000	00	500	dvdRs30	710
Union Spinning Land Manufacturing Co	900	1,000	1,000	50	575
Union Mills Ld	00	1,000	1,000	...	610
Uenshunker Lakhanshunker Cotton Mill Co Ld	900	500	900	dvdRs40	410xd
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	Nil	450
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	35	910
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	...	
PRESS COMPANIES.					
				Yearly	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,150
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	45
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	Rs 80	1,190
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	dvd 14 x	225
Bhowruggur City Press & Manfg Co, Ld	550	250	250	25	275
Bombay Cotton	1,000	125	125	dv Rs12½	180
Breul's Cawnpore Press Co., Ld	600	200	200	14	187½
Broach City Press Co., Ld	600	200	200	12	230
Colaba	500	1,888	1,880	dvdRs15	325
East India	350	1,000	1,000	75	1,375
English Press and Manfg	400	200	...	dvd Rs 8	102½
Fort	160	8,500	500	25+80	1,160
French	300	500	500	dvdRs30	615
Harvey and Sabapathy	450	450	500	dvdRs40	385
Hingoli Press Co., Ld	700	100	100	dvd Rs11	162
Khangaum	240	450	450	Rs40	530
Mahuva Press Co., Ld	200	200	all	15 pr. ct.	255
Madhavdas Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld.	300	500	500	53	95
Mercantile	1,000	125	125	dvd Rs 4	87½
Mofussil Co	2,125	400	400	Nil	390
Munmar M	1,000	250	all	15	215
New Berar	1,200	500	500	dvd Rs30	629
New Indian	4,000	125	125	dvd Rs 9	162½
Prince of Wales	100	500	500	25	490
Sabapathy (Bellary)	500	500	500	75	385
Sassoon	300	500	500	30	580
Sind and Punjab Co	100	1,000	1,000	300	2,250
Sind	400	2,000	750	50	550
Sorab Woollen Mills	1,200	250	250	Nil	87
Surat Press Co., Ld.	370	200	all	12	230
Volkart	...	1,000	10	dvd Rs35	1,275
RAILWAY COMPANIES.					
				guar.	
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	...	£100	all	5 p. c.	
B. B. & C. I. R.	...	£ 18	...	0.	
Ahmedabad Prantij	4,000	500	300		417½
The Tapti Valley	26,000	500	50	...	85

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

English Gold	Rs. 27-4	Nom.
Gold Leaf	,, 27-5	
Pakka, bar Gold, old	,, 26-14	
Do. do. new	,, 26-12	
Australia bar Gold	,, 26-14	
Bombay bar Gold	,, 26-6	
Sovereigns	,, 17-4	
Do. Dreamd	,, 17-3	
Silver	,, 01-32	
Do.	,, 2-4	

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h., 48m. Sun sets, 5h., 59m. High water, 9-34m., 9-36a. Low water, 2-49m., 2-57a.

Meeting of Municipal Standing Committee, to consider draft review of the Administration Report, 4 p.m.

B. V. R. Cycling Club Dance, Town Hall, 9 p.m.

Music at the Esplanade Bandstand, 5-45 p.m.

Y. M. C. A., Apollo Bunder, Gospel Address to young men, by the Rev. H. A. Crane, M.A., 8-45 p.m.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The steamer Arracan entered the dock yesterday.

POLO.—There will be a game, this evening, at 5 o'clock

VICTORIA DOCK.—The steamer Benares entered, and the steamers Vincenzo Florio and Mirzapore left the dock yesterday.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Catch Mandvie, per extra s. s. Kapurthala, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 8 a.m., to-morrow (Saturday).

DEPARTURE OF A NATIVE CHIEF.—His Highness the Maharaja of Bikanir, in company of his staff, left Bombay for his territory, on Wednesday, from the Victoria Terminus.

KHANDALLA CONVALESCENT HOME.—The Home is now open for the season. Patients from all parts of the Presidency can be admitted, as accommodation offers, by applying to the Physician-in-Charge, St. George's Hospital, and enclosing a medical certificate that the case is a suitable one for the Home.

A MAHOMEDAN FAIR.—The annual Mahomedan fair, known as the Peershah's Fair, will commence in the Cutchee Memons' Burial ground, Karelwady, on Saturday, the 19th instant, and will last for five days. In connection with the fair, a sandal procession will start from Bhooj Street on the last day, and on the same night fire-works will be let off.

BHAVNAGAR NEWS.—Our correspondent writes: A dacoity has been committed at Talaja, a village at Bhavnagar. The B. B. and C. I. Railway mail train arrived an hour behind time at Wadhwan, on Thursday last, the tubes of the engine having burst at Surat. The police have preferred an appeal to the Bombay Government against the acquittal by the Judicial Assistant of one Jagjiwan, a breaksman on the B.-G. J.-P. Railway.

MUSIC ON THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—The Band of the 21st Bombay Infantry will play the following programme at the Esplanade Bandstand, this evening, at 5-45. ?Weather permitting):—

Overture	Sommernachtstraum..Suppe.
Gavotte	Intermezzo ..... Lewis Hall.
Fantasia	A Musical Bouquet..Gassner.
Song (Cornet solo)	Holy City ..... Stephen Adams.
Selection of	Plantation Songs and American Melodies...Kappey.
Valse	Vision ..... Waldteufel.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

MISCHIEF BY A RESTIVE HORSE.—About 7 o'clock, on Wednesday evening, Narayen Matadeen, aged twenty-eight years, a coachman in the employ of Mr. Punnett, residing at Victoria Cross Lane, was taking his master's carriage to the stable, at Baboola Tank Road, when the horse suddenly took fright, and bolted down the Mazagon Road. The coachman did his utmost to pull up the animal, but could not do so, until it ran against the wall of a house on the road, throwing the coachman down on the ground, and causing two serious cuts on his chin and his right ankle. Two townsmen, named Bhaloo Bapoo and Succuram Thanoo, aged sixty and twenty-four years, respectively, were also knocked down, the former sustaining an abrasion of the nose, and the latter some internal injuries.

MANUFACTURING COUNTERFEIT COINS.—Before Mr. F. S. Talevarkhan, Acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Inspector Meyers brought on remand and again charged Hakim Abdulla and Abdul Rahiman with counterfeiting Queen's coins, viz., two-anna pieces, and having in their possession implements for the manufacture of the same. Mr. Bowen, of Messrs. Little and Company, conducted the prosecution on behalf of the Crown, while the accused were defended by Mr. Hugh Sealy. The facts of the case have already been reported. His Worship, after recording the evidence adduced on behalf of the prosecution, committed both the accused to take their trial at the next Criminal Sessions.

OBSTRUCTING A RELIGIOUS MEETING.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Superintendent Brewin charged Punaji Limbaji and Atmaram Visram, before Mr. Sanders-Slater, with causing obstruction to the members of a lawful Mahomedan meeting engaged in reciting and hearing the Koran, at Lower Colaba. Shaik Ibraim, the complainant, stated that he and others were engaged in reciting the Koran on Wednesday night, when accused threw water on them, and obstructed them otherwise, which caused the meeting to disperse. Mr. Brewin stated that this was a long-standing nuisance, and asked his Worship to deal severely with the accused, so that the punishment might act as a deterrent upon others. The magistrate sentenced each of the accused to pay a fine of Rs. 15, or in default to undergo twenty-one days' rigorous imprisonment.

SOLICITORS' EXAMINATION.—The undermentioned nine articled clerks have applied for admission at the next examination for the office of Solicitor of the High Court:—Mr. Nusserwanjee Muncherjee H. Cama, articled clerk to Messrs. Brown and Moir; Mr. Ardasir Dadabhoy Gandhy, articled clerk to Messrs. Wadia and Ghandy; Mr. Framroz Eduljee Dinshaw, articled clerk to Messrs. Crawford, Burder and Co.; Mr. Cowasjee Bomanjee Bomanbeharn, articled clerk to Messrs. Bhaishunker and Kanga; Mr. Datatrya N. Vyad, articled clerk to Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen; Mr. Manekjee Sorabjee, Captain, articled clerk to Messrs. Nanu and Hormusjee; Mr. K. N. Koyajee, articled clerk to the late Mr. Bomanjee Perozshah; Mr. Dinshaw Dadaboy Master, articled clerk to Messrs. Roughton and Byrne; and Mr. Kalkhosru B. Mehta, articled clerk to Messrs. Bhaishanker and Kanga.

DR. POLLEN AT THE ENGLISH TYPE-WRITING CO.—Dr. J. Pollen, Acting Collector of Bombay, on Friday last, visited the establishment of the above company, at Church Gate Street, when Mr. K. S. Paymaster, the proprietor, and Mr. Edward D'Silva, the manager, took him over the various departments, such as repairing, type-writing, machine-supply, &c. Dr. Pollen was very much struck with the manner in which the business of the company was conducted, and admired the rapidity with which lawyers' briefs were put into type. Having inspected the various newly-imported type-writing machines, he pronounced the "Yost" to be a really a grand machine. He was pleased to learn that about a hundred pupils had received practical training in type-writing at this company during last year. On leaving, Dr. Pollen expressed himself highly interested in all that he had seen, congratulated the proprietor on the excellent management of the company, and promised it his best support.

SUFFERING AND SUICIDE.—Mr. Allan F. Turner, the coroner, held an inquiry yesterday at Girgaum Road, touching the death of Sitaram Govind, a goldsmith, aged twenty-five years, residing with his brother and mother at the Old Sonapore Lane. The deceased was addicted to drink, and had been for the last six months suffering from pain in the stomach. For the last eight days, the malady had increased in severity, and three days previous to his self-destruction he had an attack of dysentery. About 9 o'clock, on Wednesday night, Sitaram suddenly disappeared from home, and, although a rigorous search was made for him, his whereabouts could not be traced, and information was given to the police at the Dhobie Talao police station. About half-past 1 o'clock, yesterday afternoon, a basket-coolie was going along the Girgaum Road, when he noticed the body of the deceased floating on the surface of the water, and informed the police. Inspector Robertson proceeded to the well, and had the body removed, which was subsequently identified to be that of the deceased. There were no external marks of violence on the body, which was naked. A verdict of suicide was recorded.

A DISHONEST DHOBIE.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Superintendent Briscoe charged Syculla alias Burdoo Behram, a dhobie, residing at Chowpatty, before Mr. F. S. Taleyarkhan, Acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, with three counts of criminal breach of trust, in respect of wearing apparel, of the aggregate value of Rs. 26, the property of Kaikhoshroo, and two other persons residing at Parel. The accused was also charged with stealing a copper pot, of the value of Rs. 2, belonging to Munji Sittal, a dhobie, residing at Chowpatty. In the beginning of the last month the complainants entrusted the accused with their clothes to be washed. The accused, instead of washing and returning the clothes to their respective owners, went and pledged them with a Marwaree for Rs. 4 only. On the 21st ultimo, the last complainant, who is a dhobie, left his copper chatty at his washing stone, at Dhobie Ghat, Mahaluxmi, and on the following morning found it missing. The dhobie reported the theft to the police, who, on an inquiry, arrested the accused, and recovered the clothes as well as the copper chatty from the Marwaree, with whom they had been pledged by the accused. His Worship convicted the accused on all the charges, and sentenced him to an accumulated term of sixteen months' rigorous imprisonment.

DROWNED IN A WELL.—An inquiry was held, yesterday, at Government House Road, Parel, by Mr. Turner, the coroner, on view of the body of a mill-labourer, named Atmaram Pandoo, aged thirty years, residing in the compound of an oart at that locality. About 9 o'clock, yesterday morning, deceased took a copper chatty, a bucket, and a rope to a well in the compound, and was drawing water from it, when he accidentally lost his balance, and fell in. Nobody noticed the accident and no alarm was raised; but a few minutes afterwards, one Parbuttee, a woman, residing in the same house, was returning home, when she saw the copper chatty and a bhatur lying on the pavement of the well, with no one near at hand. Her suspicions were aroused, and she went into the house and mentioned the fact to the wife of the deceased's brother. The latter woman, who knew that her brother-in-law (deceased) had already gone to the well, became alarmed, and went to the well in company of Parbuttee. They looked into the well, and saw the water disturbed, and air bobbles rising to the surface of the water. They immediately informed the police, who dragged the well, but failed to recover the body. About 6 o'clock yesterday morning, the police again dragged the well, and succeeded in recovering the body about 10 o'clock. There were no external marks of violence on the body. The jury on the evidence returned a verdict of accidental death.

DISMISSED FROM GOVERNMENT SERVICE.—Bhila valad Sadashiv, late patil of the village of Vinchur, taluka Baglan, in the Nasik Collectorate, having been convicted under sections 149 and 333 of the Indian Penal Code; and Vaman Mukund, late Kulkarni of the villages of Vinchur and Vathar, taluka Baglan, in the Nasik Collectorate, having been removed from his office on account of grave misconduct, are hereby declared incapable of serving Government again in any capacity—"Bombay Government Gazette."

LAND ASSESSMENT IN BOMBAY.

In acknowledging the receipt of Mr. R. L. Gharat's recent pamphlet on the enhancement of land revenue in the Alibag taluka, Mr. Da Costa, whose deep and abiding sympathy with Indians is too well-known to need any special mention, writes as follows to the Bombay Presidency Association:—

The pamphlet exposes the deplorable condition of things brought about by the legislation of 1875, when the "Bombay Revenue Jurisdiction Act" withdrew from the cognizance of the law courts all revenue matters and the conduct of revenue officers, and authorised revenue officers to adjudicate in every case of illegality and injustice charged against the Revenue Department.

That Act, by depriving the people of their constitutional right to appeal to the law courts of their country for relief in respect of wrongs suffered at the hands of Revenue Officers, practically amounted to a flat denial of justice to the people; and, by authorising Executive Officers to sit in judgment over their own acts and those of their subordinates, the Act violates the first principle of equity.

You may remember that when the abovementioned measure was introduced in the Legislative Council of India, the member in charge explained that it was urgently needed in the financial interests of the Government, saying:—"If every man be allowed to question in a court of law the incidence of the assessment on his field, the number of cases which might arise, is likely to be overwhelming."

This apprehension and the supposition on which it rests, are inadmissible except on the assumption that illegal assessments had been imposed throughout the country; for a cultivator, who brought an unsupported charge of illegality against the Government, would be ruined by his folly; and to suppose that his example would be followed by overwhelming numbers, is simply irrational.

As a matter of fact, the illegality of the assessment in the case referred to by Sir Barrow Ellis, was duly proved by the cultivating land-owner, and a decree for redress was granted to him by the High Court of Bombay. The object of the Revenue Jurisdiction Bill was therefore to deprive the people of all means of resisting illegal assessments, and to facilitate to the Government the recovery of arbitrary revenue claims.

The Resolution of 9th May 1883, to which Mr. Gharat refers, was promulgated by the Government evidently with the object of creating a belief that rules based on moderation and equity governed the land assessment sanctioned by the Government. The Resolution stated that assessments were not to be increased except where the area under cultivation had increased, or the price of produce had risen, or improvements had been effected at Government expense. But the Resolution provided no effectual remedy for the cases where those conditions had been disregarded; and the Act of 1875 effectually prevented the land-owner from enforcing them, simply by closing to him the Law Courts of the country.

The situation thus created is one of hopeless oppression and ruin to the land-owners and cultivators, and is certainly not free from serious danger to the State. The popular discontent engendered by it seems to be rapidly increasing; and to shut one's eyes to the perils involved in such discontent, is to disregard the teachings of history. The situation is certainly not creditable to the Government of a great country which prides itself on its sense of justice and its knowledge of political science.

THE VOLKART'S UNITED PRESS COMPANY.

AN ordinary general meeting of shareholders was held, yesterday, at the registered office, Apollo Street, Mr. F. W. Bickel, chairman of the board of directors, presiding. The following directors' report was submitted:—

The directors have the pleasure to lay before you the audited accounts of the company for the year ended 30th June 1896. Last season's crop was one of the largest on record, and, although the Julgaon branch was closed under an existing agreement for joint-working, the company's presses turned out 79,559 bales against 43,893 bales the year before. At Tuticorin, Amraoti, and Dhulia your factories were worked in combination with neighbours' presses. Gunakant and Bhavnagar have also done well, considering the low pressing rates ruling there in the absence of a combination. The Nandyal press was successfully started on the 20th June. Including a balance of Rs. 229-13-7 brought over from last year, the net profits for 30th June last, amount to Rs. 66,462-15-6, which the directors recommend to appropriate as follows:—To pay a dividend of Rs. 80 per share free of income-tax, Rs. 30,000, to place to credit of depreciation account, Rs. 20,000; to place to credit of reserve fund, Rs. 10,000; to carry forward balance, Rs. 462-15-6, total Rs. 66,462-15-6. Mr. Vijbhucandas Atmaram retires by rotation from the Board, but is eligible for re-election. You will have to appoint an auditor for the ensuing year, and to fix his remuneration. The company's buildings, stores, engines, boilers, and small machinery are insured for Rs. 3,03,000.

The directors' report and audited accounts were approved and confirmed. A dividend at the rate of Rs. 80 per share, free of income-tax, was declared. Mr. Vijbhucandas Atmaram, who retired by rotation, was re-elected a director. Mr. P. S. Kharegat was re-elected an auditor at a remuneration of Rs. 250. The best thanks of the shareholders were accorded to the secretaries, treasurers, and agents, and the directors for the satisfactory management of the company's affairs. The proceedings terminated with the customary compliment to the chairman.

NATIONAL INDIAN ASSOCIATION.

THE sixth of the course of lectures, under the auspices of the National Indian Association (Ladies' branch) was given at Mrs. Gostling's residence, Malabar Hill, by Dr. Alexander, D. Sc., M. D., &c., Professor, Wilson College, on "The Atmosphere." Both Native and English ladies were present, and purdah arrangements were made for the Mahomedan ladies. The lecturer in a most interesting way gave illustrations, and explained as he went on, that the atmosphere was to us as the sea is to fish. We cannot exist without the atmosphere any more than fish can exist out of the water, and we do not feel the weight of the air, although there is a weight of 15lb. to the inch on us, any more than fish feel the weight of the waters. Some successful experiments were made of the different compositions of the air, showing how oxygen burns iron, and how marble can be dissolved by hydrocloric acid, and how the presence of carbonic acid can be detected. The audience was then told that the thunderstorms, at the burst of the monsoon, supplied the agriculturist with the constituents which are so necessary for the land; namely, ammonia, nitritus, and nitrities. Dust, too, is an essential part of our atmosphere, and this dust in the air enables us to see the sun, all the beautiful colours seen at sunset, from the deep red to the light orange shades, and all the blue in the sky is due to this dust in the atmosphere, and if we had no dust, we would have no rain, as dust helps to make rain. Miss Maneckji Cursetji, in a very accurate and pleasant way, translated, as the Doctor proceeded with his lecture.

THE *Indian Mirror* says: The blight, which has attacked the betel-nut plantations in East Bengal, has been so destructive that not only is it calculated to affect the trade in betel-nuts in that Province, but to deprive not an inconsiderable class of people of a source of earning, and thus the matter was of sufficient importance to induce the Government to depute Dr. George Watt to enquire into the cause of the blight. Dr. Watt has now completed his enquiry, and come to the conclusion that the blight is caused by a very low parasitic organism, which by some specialists is considered an animal, by others a vegetable growth. But it is to be regretted that no satisfactory remedy has yet been discovered.

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HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE STRACHEY and the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE FULTON.)

SUIT FOR DIVORCE AGAINST A MEMBER OF THE BAR.

JENABAI VS. ABDULLA RAHIMTULA SAYANI.

THEIR lordships delivered judgment in this case, which was an appeal by the plaintiff from a decree of Sir Charles Farran, Chief Justice, passed on the 16th August 1895, in favour of the defendant, a member of the Bombay Bar. The Hon. Mr. Lang and Mr. Branson, instructed by Messrs. Ardesir, Hormusjee, and Dinshaw, appeared for the plaintiff and appellant, Jenabai; while Mr. Macpherson, with Mr. Scott, instructed by Messrs. Payne, Gilbert, and Sayani, appeared for the defendant and respondent.

Mr. Justice Fulton, in giving his decision, said: The plaintiff in this suit prayed that her marriage with the defendant might be declared null and that the Court might decree that she should be divorced from the defendant on the ground of his impotency. After hearing the evidence Mr. Justice Farran (now Chief Justice) dismissed the suit with costs. The plaintiff has appealed. Before going into the merits of the case I wish to say a few words on the question of jurisdiction. The subject was mentioned at the hearing when the learned counsel on both sides contended that in the circumstances alleged in the plaint the Court had jurisdiction to entertain a suit for divorce between Mahomedans. They relied principally on section 11 of the Civil Procedure Code and the remarks of the Privy Council in Munshi Buzlur Rahim vs. Shamsunisa Begam (XI. Moore J. A. p., 600) in which their Lordships said:—"If the law which regulates the relations of the parties gives to one of them a right and that right be denied the denial is a wrong; and unless the contrary be shown by authority or by strong argument it must be presumed that for that wrong there must be a remedy in a Court of Justice." But whilst fully appreciating the force of these arguments I felt some doubt as to the Court's jurisdiction owing to the absence of reported cases on the subject. The decision in Badaranisa Bibi vs. Inayatullah (VII B. L. R. 444) was referred to, but Mr. Justice Jackson's judgment shows that that was a suit not really for a dissolution of a marriage, but for a declaration that it had been dissolved inasmuch as under the circumstances set forth the wife had by Mahometan law a right to put an end to the marriage. The present case is of a different nature. Here the Court is asked, as under a Mahometan Government the Kazi would have been asked, as substitute for the husband to pronounce a separation which it was incumbent upon the husband to grant upon a principle of benevolence. (Hedayn Book IV., ch. XI.) For such a case there seems to be no reported precedent. My learned colleague drew my attention to the case of Sahibnabai vs. Sheikhji Zarak mentioned in the foot note on p. 375 of VI. Moore's Indian appeals, but I have not been able to get the record, and the note is insufficient to explain the real nature of the case. He has also pointed out to me the decision of the Madras High Court in Vadaka Vital vs Oilakel Beyakuti (I. L. R. III., M. 347), but that was a very peculiar case which can, I think, hardly be relied on as a precedent for showing the authority of the Court to grant a divorce. If, however, I am correct in believing that no case in which a Court has actually granted a divorce is to be met with in the law reports—and no indication of any such case is to be found in any of the text books—the want of precedent is certainly remarkable. Mr. Baillie in his digest of Mahometan Law mentions 7 kinds of divorce which require a judicial decree, and though the reluctance amongst Mahometans to submit to the Courts questions of this nature may be greater than among other communities it does seem strange that during the last eighty or ninety years no case of the sort should have been reported. In cases where parties to child marriage wish to exercise the option of puberty or in cases in which a wife seeks to escape by the process called Khula from a husband who has laundered her, the reluctance to come into Court would hardly be so great as in cases of alleged impotency. Under these circumstances it appeared possible that the Kazis might have continued to exercise this jurisdiction after the introduction of the British Rule, but on this point I have not been able to come to any definite conclusion. The earliest Bombay Regulation on the subject is X. of 1815 which is framed in almost the same words as Bengal Reg. 39 of 1793, and the Governor-General's Regulation 43 of 1902, simply provided for the appointment of Kazis "for the purpose of preparing and attesting deeds of transfer and other law papers celebrating marriages and performing such religious duties or ceremonies prescribed by the Mahometan Law as have been hitherto discharged by them under the native and subsequently the British Governments. Next came Regulation XXVI of 1827 which after reciting that the office of Kazi was necessary for "the purpose of authenticating and recording marriages, attesting divorces, and assisting in various other religious rites and ceremonies" prescribed by section 6 as follows:—"The duties of the Khazi shall comprise the attending, presiding at, or performing such ceremonies or forms relating to marriage and divorce and to doctrinal or religious rites as may be inculcated by the Mahomedan law." These regulations applied to the mofussil. In the town of Bombay there appears to have been no enactment made under which the Kazi was appointed, but the form of his appointment was as follows:—"I.... Governor of H. M. Castle and Island of Bombay do hereby appoint.... to be Kazi and head of all the Mahomedans in Bombay who are required to pay him due obedience in all religious matters, and the said.... is accordingly authorized to administer all marriages and other religious rites and ceremonies relating or belonging to his said office in which all due reverence and respect are to be shown him." Whether under these regulations and forms of appointment, the Kazis were in the habit merely of attesting divorces or whether they also decreed them when occasion arose is uncertain. There are passages in the judgments in the case of Mahomed Yusub vs. Sayed Ahmed (I Bo. App. XVIII) from which it may be inferred that the Kazi's retained jurisdiction in matrimonial causes amongst which I suppose would be included claims for divorce, but the evidence seconded by Sir Joseph Arnould to which I have referred is not very definite in the point which was not really in issue. It is not, however, necessary now to decide whether prior to 1864 the Kazis in this Presidency had or had not jurisdiction to decree divorces. By Act XI of 1864 and Bo. IV of 1864 the appointment of Kazis by Government was stopped and Reg. XXVI of 1827 was repealed. Kazis, who subsequently assumed office, consequently could not claim any judical authority. Such authority is expressly excluded by Act XII of 1880, which is the only law under which Kazis can now be appointed. Moreover no appointment has been made under this Act in Bombay. Under these circumstances it seems clear that however matters may have stood before 1864 there has been no Kazi in Bombay since the death of Kazi Mohomed Yacub (7, L. R. XVIII. Bom, 401) who could claim any jurisdiction in a suit like the present one. And there being therefore in existence no special jurisdiction to limit in any way the general jurisdiction conferred by the letters patent and section 11 of the Civil Procedure Code there seemed no reason why this Court should not entertain this suit. Owing to the apparent novelty of the question I have discussed it at greater length than I should otherwise have done; for at first I felt a good deal of hesitation at coming to a conclusion which might introduce to the Civil Courts a kind of litigation previously unknown. But on enquiry of the Judicial Commissioner in Sind, where the population is principally Mahometan, I find that Matrimonial Causes of this nature are by no means unusual in that Province. Lately a suit for the exercise of the option at puberty to renounce a marriage has been before the the Sadar Court and in Appeal 3 of 1891 that Court confirmed a decree dissolving a marriage on account of the husband's impotency. I now turn to the merits of the case. Mr. Branson urged that the learned judge should have granted an adjournment on the 10th August 1895 partly on the ground that the solicitors were taken by surprise and partly on the ground that the plaintiff ought again to have been examined by Matrons. On the first point it seems to me that the Solicitors ought to have been ready on the 15th August as from the 25th July they had notice that the case was liable to be called on within three weeks. Further it does not appear in what way the plaintiff was prejudiced. The facts were only known to her and the defendant and both gave

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AS a SCOTCH WHISKY there is nothing finer than "Auld Scottie" made from the purest selected material and blended with the greatest of care.
Invalids requiring a genuine stimulant will find in
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WHISKY of the purest form. For Medicinal purposes it equals Old Brandy, Rs. 2-8 a bottle, of all respectable Wine Merchants.
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ESTABLISHED 1858.
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BY means of the Gold Bridge system I now insert Artificial Teeth without Plates, which take up no more room in the Mouth than natural Teeth, and are thoroughly Reliable and Serviceable.

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Being a Reprint of Two Letters to the
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And a Lecture by
BEAUCLERK.
Price 8 Annas.
CAN BE HAD AT
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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, SEPT. 17.

AT the weekly biddings for Indian Council Bills in London, yesterday, the 40 lakhs offered were placed, say 34⅛ lakhs on Calcutta, and 5⅜ on Bombay, tenders at the minimum rate of 1s. to 5-32d. receiving 18 per cent., this rate being the same as was obtained at the regular allotments on the previous Wednesday, no extra sales to speak of having been made meantime. Extra allotments were made yesterday, of 3 lakhs on Calcutta, and ⅛ lakh on Bombay, at 1s. 2 3-16d. It is announced that 40 lakhs will be offered again next week. The Exchange Banks' buying rate in London on India, at 30 days' remained meantime at 1s. 2d. per rupee.

A heavy drop of 7-16ths per cent. took place in Consols in London yesterday, at 109 15-16; but Indian Sterling Loan was unchanged, at 117⅛. About £225,000 in Gold was withdrawn from the Bank of England yesterday. The Bank rate and the market rates of discount were unchanged. 3½ per cent. Rupee Securities advanced 1-8th per cent., to £63 1-8. The price of Bar Silver in London was 1-8d. higher, at 30 1-8d. per oz., and in New York, and advance of 3-8 cent took place in the metal at 65 1-8 cents per oz., with demand Exchange on London unaltered, at 4·84 dollars. French Rentes in Paris wese quoted yesterday at 101¾ *ex-coupon*; Paris Exchange on London advanced 3¼ centimes, to francs 25·19.

Yellow Gujerat Rapeseed was quoted in London yesterday at 37⅛s. per 416 lbs., sellers, shipment this and-or next month, to Havre, Antwerp, and Dunkirk, tone of the market steady.

An advance of 1-8d. per lb., at 4⅛d., was established in the price of spot Mid.-American Cotton in Liverpool yesterday, and Arrivals were 1-16d. higher, the extreme quotations being 4 15-32d. for September deliveries, and 4 27-64d. for January-February. The market closed quiet; Surats quiet, and Arrivals steady; the day's sales having been 2,000 bales, including 200 East Indians. The day's Imports were 5,000 bales. The Manchester market was firm.

The New York Cotton market was unchanged yesterday for Mid.-Uplands, at 8¼ cents. per lb.; but December Futures were 16 points lower, at 8·24 cents per lb. The Receipts of Cotton of the new crop at the U. S. Ports were 35,000 bales; and the arrivals to date compare as follows, with those in the two previous years, say:—

	1896.	1895.	1894.
Wednesday's Receipts	35,000	16,000	22,000
Four days' do.	168,000	60,000	100,000
Since 1st September	385,000	122,000	222,000

Our local Cotton market has been steady in tone to-day, with quotations all unchanged, and a small amount of business passing in both directions. Exporters have bought only 100 bales of Oomrawattee from old stock, at Rs. 206; and have contracted for 200 bales each of Bhownuggur, of the new crop, for March-April delivery, at Rs. 215; and Bengal, for January delivery; while the Mills have taken ony 450 bales from stock, say 200 Veerumgaum, at Rs. 188; 150 Compta, at Rs. 198; and 100 Dhulia, at Rs. 176 per candy.

The telegraphic advices received from the Cotton districts this morning advise a fall of 67 cents of rain at Cawnpore, in the Bengal circle, and report rain to be general over the district; and at Dhollera, 85 cents had been registered since the previous return; but in all the circles, except Broach, (where the plants continued to flourish in seasonable weather) more rain was needed, more or less pressingly. The plants were in flower at Beawar in the Bengal circle; and at Julgaum, in the Oomra circle; and at Khamgaum and Oomrawattee; in the latter they were showing bolls.

WHEAT and SEEDS.—A moderate business has transpired in both these markets to-day for account of Exporters, the feeling having been steady, and prices all unchanged.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	1,333	bales.
Wheat	5,830	cwts.
Linseed	949	,,
Rapeseed	10,900	,,
Poppyseed	816	,,
Groundnuts	666	,,
Castorseed	2,280	,,
Rice	11,989	,,

FREIGHTS are quiet, but pretty steady. The Iran (s) filled up the balance of her cargo, at 5s. 9d. for Seeds, and at 6s. per ton for measurement cargo; but beyond this no fresh business has transpired.

EXCHANGE opened quiet but steady, at 1s. 2 5-32d. Telegraphic and Demand, for Bank remittance, and at 1s. 2 5-16d. for three months' sight Credits. There was some buying on the part of Merchants, at 1s. 2 3-16d. "forward;" but business was small, and few Mercantile Bills were offering. The market closed steady as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 2 5-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 2 5-32d.	do.
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 2 3-16d.	do.
Credits do.	1s. 2 5-16d.	do.
Francs do.	1'50½	do.

GOVERNMENT PAPER continues its downward course. Opening at 107 11-16 for Money, and 107⅝ for Account, for 3½ per Cents, it further declined in a weak market to 107 5-16 and 107 3-16 in the two positions, respectively, at which rates it closed.

SHARES.—There has been rather more doing in this market to-day on the principal line of Cotton Mill Scrip, in which we note a decline in some twelve cases as per our revised quotations. In miscellaneous shares we note a decline of Rs. 50, in Bombay-Burma, 1st Issue, and Rs. 10, in the 2nd Issue. Tapti Valley Railway are Rs. 5 lower.

HIGH COURT.—SEPTEMBER 18.

(Before the Hon'ble the CHIEF Justice and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice STRACHEY.)
Appeals for Hearing and Final Disposal.

917-30-95—Payne G and S—George Godfreid Volkart and others vs Rukhmani—Wadia and G—Part heard.
916-302-94—Little and Co—L W Rivett-Carnac vs The Damodher Mills Co, Ld—Bhaishanker sad K.
919-613-96—Little and Co—Weljee Natha and another vs Khetsey Jaitha and others—Mathubhai and J.
920-106-93—In person (a pauper)—Dadabhoy Curaetjee Bhandupwalla vs Sakarbai and others—Nanu and H, and Bhaishunker and K.
914-230-95—Tyabjee D and Co—Bai Rehimathai vs Jamsetjee Eduljee Treasurywalla—Hiralal M and M.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice B. TYABJEE.)

171-96—Manshukhal D and J—Jose Braz Gomes and another vs Diago Minguel Gomes and others—Nanu and H and A F Turner.
169-96—Jehangir D—Hoiloo Haji Hassam vs Cassam Haji Sheriff and others—Framjee M and M.
439-95—Payne G and S—Damjee Jadhowjee vs Lukhmibai—Edgelow and G.
424-95—Edgelow and G—Hunsraj Ladha vs Bai Anpurnabai and others.
222-91—Little and Co—Tribhowandas Mangaldas Nathubhoy vs Chutoorbhooj Morarjee—Bhaishanker and K.
330-95—James Peace—Goolam Hossein Ahmed Meya and another vs Kazee Mahomed Mia bin Kazee Dada Mia—Tyabjee and Co.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice FULTON.)
For Judgment.

135-96—Hiralal and H—L W G Rivett-Carnac vs Thakursey Shamjee—Wadia and G.
For Consent Decree.
240-96—F P Pavri—Jugmohundas Luckmidas vs Karsondas Lukhmidas—Matubhai and J.
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Short Causes.
345-96—Payne G and S—Fazulbhoy Meherally Chinoi and another vs Mahomed Bhanjee—Pestonjee R and K Postponed Long Causes.
15-93—Payne G and S—Abdulla Khan bin Abdool Rehman vs Hajee Ebrahim Haji Vyedina—Ardeshir H and D—Part heard.
2-96—Crawford B and Co—The Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay and another vs Ananta Madan and others—K J Mantri and In person.
425-91—Dikshit and D and Little and Co—The Hon'ble the Advocate General and another vs Vussonjee Minjee and others—Bhaishanker and K.
160-96—Brown and M—Meghjee Vuliubdas vs Fazulbhoy Jan Mahomed—Little and Co.
Defended New Long Causes.
386-96—In person—Nanabhai Cowasjee Batliwalla vs Abdool Karim Hajee Fate Mahomed—Payne G and S.
388-96—Nanu and H—Dadabhoy Rustomjee Kerwalla vs Soonabai and another—Pestonji R and K, and Sorabji and J.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

(Open 1,490½ Miles.)

The following is the Statement of Traffic for week ending 12th September, 1896:—

	Coaching Traffic. Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic. Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated)	Total Earnings
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total	1,49,738	2,77,997	7,188	4,34,923
Corresponding week last year. Open 1,490½ Miles.	...	...	...	3,27,001
Increase				Rs. 1,07,913

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

CRITCHLEY—September 10, at Nagpur, C. P., the wife of Mr. D. B. Critchley, of a son.
DARLING—September 12, the wife of Rev. Charles W. Darling, M.A., Junior Chaplain, St. Paul's Cathedral, of a daughter.
MACKENZIE—September 12, at Darjeeling, the wife of Sir Alexander Mackenzie, of a daughter.
PRATT—September 10, at Purbeck Lodge, Naini Tal, the wife of Surgeon-Major J. J. Pratt, Civil Surgeon, Fyzabad, of a daughter.
THOMSON—September 2, at Rockcliff, Mussoorie, the wife of Lieutenant-Colonel T. G. Thomson, 4th (P. A. V.'s) Bengal Infantry, of a son.
VENOUR—September 11, at Almora, the wife of Captain Venour, 5th Punjab Infantry, of a daughter.
WATSON—September 10, at Chittagong, the wife of A. Watson, Fenoa, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

BULLER—September 10, at Meerut, Frances Anne, the wife of Colonel F. W. Buller, aged 51.
MARCUS—September 13, at Purulia, B. N. Ry., Rosalinde, the beloved child of J. and Amalie Marcus, aged 6 years and 6 months.
SMYTHE—September 7, at Jhansi, of fever and diarrhœa, Ruby, the dearly beloved child of Mrs. and Mr. H. J. Smythe, aged 16 months.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1896.

THIS is the age of record breaking, and we must, therefore, regard it as a matter of course that the fiftieth Report of the Commissioners of Lunacy, just presented to the Lord Chancellor, breaks all previous records in the increase of lunacy in England and Wales, the lunatics, idiots, and people of unsound mind, who are numbered 96,446 on the first of January last, showing an increment of 2,366 over January 1, 1895, the largest yet registered. The increase has been vastly greater amongst the indigent than amongst the well-to-do in the last twenty years, pauper lunatics having multiplied to the extent of over 30,000 or fifty-three per cent. "Private" lunatics increased in the same period by little over a thousand or 14 per cent. From 1870 to 1886—when Mr. Gladstone was converted to Home Rule—lunacy was on the decline, every quinquennium from the former date showing a diminution in the annual rate of increase from 14·3 to 8·28, a very decided improvement, taken in connection with the natural growth of the numbers of the population. The monometallist will doubtless draw his own conclusions from the coincidence of the demonetisation of silver and the consequent appreciation of gold with the beginning of a period of increased public lucidity, which continued without interruption until the fatal year 1886. Since then things in general have taken a decided turn for the worse. In the quinquennial period ending with 1885, the annual ratio of increase of the distraught has risen to 11·1 per cent. The Commissioners are engaged on an inquiry as to whether the disproportionate increase in the number of the insane may not be due to the continuous increase of the number of officially recognised lunatics sent out of the asylum and forming a not inconsiderable proportion of the population at large. There are grounds for believing that the improvement in the methods of treatment which ameliorate the condition of those affected in mind, sufficiently to justify their taking their place, for a time at least, in the family and in society, may have contributed to the multiplication of children with an hereditary predisposition to cerebral weakness or disease. Statistics have been published by independent inquirers which seem to support this view. It has been shown that in a great number of cases of lunacy one or other of the parents of the victims had been similarly affected and been under medical treatment and restraint for a longer or shorter period. Until recently the official reports refused to acknowledge that there was any disproportionate increase in the number of the insane as compared with the normal increase of the population. The indisputable swelling of the totals was explained away as the result of the greater vigilance of local authorities who no longer permitted lunatics to stray about at large, as was undoubtedly the custom in the early part of the century, especially in the rural districts.

But that theory did not cover the whole ground, for it was easy to show that successive estimates for adequate provision to house the probable number of lunatics to be interred were found to fall short of the requirements, and that the larger and more numerous the asylums erected, the greater was the pressure on the space available. That is the state of things at the present moment—thirty or forty years after the early calculations were discovered to be too optimistic. The report speaks of the pressure on the asylum accommodation for the lunatics in the County of London as "having become very acute;" so much so that it is proposed to erect temporary hospitals for six hundred patients to tide over the interval before the new Bexley Heath Asylum is ready to accommodate 2,000. But it is shown that the two temporary asylums calculated to house 300 lunatics each, which are sanctioned on condition that they shall only be used for five years, cannot be dispensed with when the larger asylum is completed, four years hence, for at that time according to the present rate of increase 4,500 additional cases will have to be provided for. All this is discouraging to the still sane population. Was Hamlet's statement too sweeping when he said that if young Hamlet did not recover his wits in England, "'tis no great matter there. 'Twill not be seen in him there; there the men are as mad as he." In nearly every country and city in England and Wales the overcrowding of the Asylums, notwithstanding constant additions to their area, is a subject of great anxiety. The London County Council has just purchased a site at Epsom—assuredly an odd locality—for a seventh Asylum. The cost of properly appointed Asylums to accommodate some two thousand lunatics each is, as may be supposed, very heavy. The two temporary asylums, "for five years only," are estimated to cost £32,000. No wonder the Commissioners complain that, though a great deal is being done, the overcrowding in County and Borough Asylums is deplorably great. We can understand what a pass things have come to, when after making provisions in Asylums for 64,000 insane, in the ordinary workhouses for 11,000, for nearly ten thousand in licensed houses and registered hospitals, there are six thousand lunatics who are registered as out-door paupers. Criminal lunatics number 641, while 208 insane patients are under treatment in military and civil hospitals. The number of private patients under treatment is 8,265, being 2·83 per cent. of every 10,000 of the population, but this class of insane shows a slight diminution. The chief cause of insanity is "hereditary influence," intemperance in drink coming next, and accounting for over one-fifth of the number of male and over eight per cent. of the female cases. The recoveries were slightly fewer than in 1894, but they amounted to 38·18 per cent. of the admissions, excepting those into establishments for idiots. The fact that over one-third of the admitted are discharged as "recovered" will be regarded in some quarters as an explanation of the place in the list of causes of insanity assigned to "hereditary influences." Old age is given as the cause of insanity in over five per cent. of male and over six per cent. of the female insane—an increase of more than two per cent. in each category. There is a growing tendency in the working classes at the present day to send weak-minded or senile parents to the asylum or the "house." In Wales, this tendency is much less pronounced, the feeling of family affection being stronger. But the tendency exists even there, for the proportion of lunatics maintained in families in the twelve Welsh counties has fallen in the last twenty years by twenty-five per cent.; yet there are people who tell us that this is a pre-eminently altruistic age, that the populations are yearning for the higher life, and are ripe for the socialist ideal. "It is a mad world, my masters."

ANY and every question affecting the cultivation of the soil, and the rearing of farm animals, is surveyed with impartial minuteness in the Agricultural Ledger issued by the Government of India. Like the proverbial steam hammer, the periodical volumes of which it is composed deal with the smallest as well as the largest subjects. For instance, in the batch just issued the humble jack fruit tree has a yellow-coloured pamphlet to itself, no less than the important question of the distribution of salts in alkali soils. The treatise on the latter subject is a reprint from a bulletin of the University of California respecting an experimental agricultural station at Berkeley, in California. After exhaustively reviewing the subject, the joint authors come to the conclusion that since evaporation from the soil surface is the cause of any rise in alkali, one of the chief preventative measures must be the reduction of surface evaporation to the lowest possible point. This can be done by mulching, or less effectually by shading. These authorities declare the mainstay in the cultivation of alkali land to be the maintenance of deep and loose tilth throughout the times when evaporation is active. This implies the growing on them of hoed rather than grain crops, unless drill culture is resorted to. The growing of corn, beans, beets, and possibly of canaigre, always choosing preferably the deep-rooted crops, is therefore indicated; and experience at Chino has shown that the very best of beets may be grown on light alkali soils in which common salt is not too prominent. A knowledge of these facts on the part of cultivators of alkali lands in India would be of value, as they might thereby turn their land to more profitable account. But it is to be feared that extremely few actual cultivators will ever hear of this Ledger, much less read and act upon it. Generally speaking, however, the Indian ryot is found on enquiry to have arrived by a process of hereditary intuition at the more elementary conclusions to which scientists come by an entirely different route. The ryot is unacquainted with the scientific reasons which render a particular soil unsuited to a particular crop; he is, however, aware of the fact and acts upon it. But his knowledge is of a negative character, and does not show him, except by accident, the really best crops to grow. He may be obtaining a moderate yield from a crop partly suited to the soil he tills, while he might have a very good one by growing a still more suitable product. The day is, however, far distant when the Indian ryot will file these ledgers and be a scientific agriculturist. Even the British farmer in nine cases out of ten prefers the methods and theories of his ancestors to the teachings of the scientists. Hence, in spite of the distribution of large subventions to County Councils for technical education in rural districts, scientific agriculture has made marvellously little progress at Home. The farmers complain of bad times and unfavourable seasons, but in the choice of crops to grow as well as in other subjects they refuse to profit by the progress of the age. If this is the case with the British farmer, how can we expect these ably written but technical "Ledgers" to change the customs of the unlettered Indian ryot?

Meanwhile the work is to be carried on until the ledgers form very bulky supplementary data to the Dictionary of Economic Products prepared under the same able editorship. It has recently been decided to extend their scope by the collection and publication of notes amplifying those already issued, in the Veterinary series. No doubt, if the plan proves successful it will be adopted in the case of the other main sections into which the Ledger is divided. The proposed addition to the Veterinary series arose from a suggestion made in a letter received by the Editor, anent the number on the Management of Dairy Cattle. He referred the letter to the Civil Veterinary Department, and the Assistant to the Inspector-General in reply expressed his concurrence on the one condition that the notes so contributed must be the outcome of practical experience. As he rightly pointed out, most of the subjects have been dealt with fairly exhaustively by professional workers and others in various parts of the world. Still, notes on the different subjects indicated written in a simple manner will be welcomed by those who have charge of dairies and cattle. The Assistant Inspector-General suggested that all who are interested in cattle and cattle disease should be invited to contribute an account of their experiences. Accordingly the Editor invites notes, reports, or suggestions, and promises that after these have passed through the Civil Veterinary Department they will be published in the Ledger, provided they are of sufficient merit. The extent to which yoke oxen and milch cattle (with the exception of the sacred cow) are mismanaged and ill-treated in India is pitiable in the extreme. If the publication of the experiences of competent men now proposed leads even to only a very partial amelioration of this state of things—and great improvements cannot be expected from so simple a proceeding—the consequent addition to the Ledger will be amongst the most valuable of its contents.

WE are glad to see that Mr. Raghunathji has resumed the issue of his series of handbooks on the Hindu temples of Bombay. He has now given us a treatise on what he terms the "Valukeshwar group," of which there are thirty—all in the neighbourhood of Malabar Hill. The principal of these appears to be that of the Lord of the Sand, at the extremity of the hill. It is an old structure, and has stood a hundred and fifty years on the site of a former temple of unknown antiquity. It is said that when Rama was on his way to Lanka by the sea-coast in quest of his wife Sita, who had been carried away by Rawan with diabolical intentions, he halted at Bombay just on the spot where the temple now stands. The Brahmans who had been sitting there on the seashore for a long time making *tapascharya* happened to hear of Rama's arrival. Among them there was Gaotam Rishi. They therefore went to Rama to take his *darshan*. They, however, found him sitting in a disconsolate condition. The Rishis inquired the cause of his distress. Rama told him, and asked him what he should do to regain his wife from such a powerful giant as Rawan. The Rishis advised him to perform the worship of Shri Shankar, who alone would make his attempts successful. He sent to Benares for a Lingam, meantime making one of sand. This done the Rishi and other Brahmans helped him in performing the *pranpratista* or the life-creating ceremony over the same sand-made Lingam. Shri Shankar "actually appeared before Rama, and pronounced upon him a benediction to the effect that he would soon gain the object he was in quest of." Not long after Lakshuman returned from Benares with the Lingam he was commissioned to bring from there. This Lingam is the one now seen and worshipped in the temple, whereas that made of sand by Rama "jumped into the sea on the advent of the Portuguese into Bombay, lest it might be polluted by them." The place from where it fell is not far from the Government House at Malabar Point. Certain fishermen, we are assured, know the exact spot where it lies. And from that time to the present this temple has been in existence.

IT is just possible that the itinerary of the forthcoming tour of Lord Elgin may have to be altered, from causes over which political officers have little or no control. The picturesque city of Oodeypore, which has been visited by no less than four recent Viceroys, may be deprived, for a time at least, of the honour of entertaining a fifth. Lord Elgin is, according to present arrangements, to spend November 12 in Oodeypore, the city where, by the bye, Lord Dufferin signed the order for the annexation of Upper Burma. It is, however, rather doubtful whether the severe visitation of cholera from which the State has been suffering will be sufficiently abated to render it advisable for this arrangement to be carried out. It is stated that nearly a thousand deaths have occurred, four hundred of them at the shrine of Rukubnath, some forty miles from the capital city, and three hundred in the Domgapu territory, wherein the Nathdarwaza shrine is situated. The epidemic is the more remarkable since the rainfall, although late, has been plentiful, and the lakes are fuller than usual at this time of year. The death-roll includes the names of two British Officers. The adjacent State of Banswara has entirely escaped the visitation, and the inhabitants, who are firm believers in the doctrine of the purchase of favour from the gods, ascribe their immunity to the great liberality of their ruler, Maharao Luchmon Singh.

WE understand that the Fergusson College, Poona, has had the good fortune to provide the successful candidate for the Government of Iadia Scholarship which fell to the University of Bombay to fill up this year. The Scholarship takes the holder to Europe for purposes of study for three years. The winner on this occasion is Mr. Raghoonath Poorshottam Paranjpay, B. Sc., who has already proceeded to England to join the University of Cambridge with a view to compete for the Mathematical Tripos. Everyone will wish the plucky Hindu student good health and good luck, and that he may return to his native land a high wrangler.

THE recent dacoities in the district of Belgaum have necessitated the temporary increase of the police force for the safety of the people in the affected villages. The cost is to the charged to the inhabitants wholly or to such extent as Government may hereafter prescribe. There is to be an increase of 30 constables in the village of Deshnoor, at the annual cost of Rs. 4,386; while in each of the villages of Suldhal and W

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE FENIAN PLOT.

LONDON, SEPT. 16.

Although the police do not believe the plot lately discovered was aimed at the Tsar's life, unusual precautions have nevertheless been ordered while his Imperial Majesty is in Scotland.

THE EXTRADITION OF TYNAN.

The extradition of Tynan is doubtful, partly because he is American and partly owing to his offence being a political one.

THE ARMENIAN AGITATION.

A letter has appeared from Lord Hugh Cecil, who is staying with his father, the Marquis of Salisbury, at Walmer, in which, while denouncing the infamous government of the Sultan, he says it would mislead the Armenians if they were made to think that England alone was able to intervene in their behalf, and that there was no hope until the feeling abroad equals the excitement in England on the subject.

THE NILE EXPEDITION.

The Fourth Brigade of the Nile Expedition has arrived at Fereig, where the whole force is now assembled.

THE CHINESE LOAN.

The balance of the last Chinese Loan has been issued, and only been half subscribed.

THE MALIS.

ADEN, SEPT. 17.

The P. and O. Co.'s. s. s. Ganges, with the homeward mails of the 11th instant, arrived here, at 10 a. m., to-day.

THE ACCIDENT TO THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

HIS EXCELLENCY PROGRESSING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 17.

Enquiries made last night elicited the fact that the Commander-in-Chief had recovered complete consciousness two hours after the accident, but was confined to bed. He has a cut below the eye, and the pain is very intense.

His Excellency passed a fair night, but the cut, which is very large and deep, still causes great pain. The illustrious patient, however, is progressing favourably and is under medical care.

RELIEF OF NATIVE TROOPS IN CHITRAL.

The question of the period of location of the Native Troops in Chitral and Malakhand without relief had recently been under consideration by the Government. It is now decided to allow the latter to be carried out in future biennally; and the former annually. The troops now in Chitral will be relieved next spring.

HAFFKINE'S INOCULATION SYSTEM.

It has been ruled that Military Medical Officers deputed to learn Professor Haffkine's system of inoculation against cholera will be paid all travelling expenses, together with a deputation allowance of Rs. 150 per mensem.

LEVY POST ON THE INZAR KOTAL.

One hundred Rifles and Sabres have been sent from Wano to cover the construction of the Baricha Levy Post, on the Inzar Kotal.

DURAND FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

In the match between the Royal Welsh Fusiliers and the Simla Volunteer Football Club, the former won by five goals to love.

SECUNDERABAD RACES.

SECUNDERABAD, SEPT. 17.

The decent fields, fair weather, and a large attendance characterized the races this afternoon. Details:—

1ST RACE.—"Pony Hurdle Handicap."—Rs. 290. Distance—One and quarter-mile.

Mr Hugh Gough's Curiosity 1

"Medium Handicap."—Rs. 500. Distance—One mile.

Mr Hugh Gough's Curiosity 1
Mr Rock's Moonshine 2

Only two ran.

2ND RACE.—"Midget Handicap."—Rs. 200. Distance—Half-a-mile.

Mr Jardine's Simla 1
Mr H N's Greyghost 2
Mr Winchester's Winton 3

Six ran.

3RD RACE.—"Refusers' Stakes."—Rs. 200. Distance—Three and a-half furlongs.

Sir Vicar-ul-Oomra's Pathan 1
Mr Jones' Fiver 2
Mr Winchester's Red Lancer 3

Eight ran.

4TH RACE.—"Bolarum Stakes."—Rs. 200. Distance—Five furlongs.

Veterinary-Capt Short's Edward 1
Captain Logan Gomes' Gobang 2
Mr Langton's Blackpearl 3

Only three ran.

5TH RACE.—"All Comers Stakes."—Rs. 200. Distance—Half-mile.

Mr Rock's Nix 1
Mr Jardine's Bannaboo 2
Major Gough and Dr Lawrie's Meg 3

Five ran.

6TH RACE.—"Bowenpille Cup." Rs. 500. Distance—7 furlongs.

Mr Protheroe Smith's Quies 1
Major Gough's Mars 2
Veterinary-Captain Short's Argyle 3

Five ran.

There will be an extra day's races on Saturday.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, SEPT. 16.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Golconda left here this morning.

ADEN, SEPT. 17.

The Austrian Lloyd's steamer Marquis Bacquehem from Bombay, arrived this morning.

PENANG, SEPT. 16.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Bombay left here this afternoon.

The M. M. Co.'s steamer Melbourne, left Aden, for Bombay on Wednesday, the 16th instant, at 6 p.m., and she is expected here on Monday, the 21st instant, evening.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, SEPT. 16.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed quiet. Surats quiet.

Good Dhollera 3 22-32

The Manchester market has been firm.

2½ per cent. Consols 109 15-16
3 per cent. Rentes ..... 101¾ ex.
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan 117
3½ per cent. Rupee Paper 93 1-8
Bar Silver 30 1-8

The sum of about £225,000 has been withdrawn from the Bank of England.

THE PRESIDENCY VS. PARSEES MATCH.

PARSEES FIRST TO BAT.

MAGNIFICENT INNINGS BY GREIG—FOUR SHORT OF A CENTURY.

CHEETHAM'S BOWLING COMES OFF.

PRESIDENCY TWENTY RUNS ON AND TWO WICKETS TO FALL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 17.

Bright gleams the Indian sun upon brave women and fair men—I mean upon fair women and brave men, who have assembled to witness the return match of the English against the Parsees. The surroundings of the Bombay ground on the occasion of a great match are acceptable to the eye, but it will bear no comparison with the picturesque setting of the Gymkhana ground in Poona. The belt of trees and the back-ground of the hills make a picture that any lover of the beautiful will always carry away with him when once seen. I am not here, however, to write a guide-book on picturesque Poona; but to report the hard and arid facts of the various incidents of the game. After much cogitation, and I believe, a little heated dicussion, the selection team have chosen a European eleven, which is nearly, if not quite, representative, and is certainly the strongest team available. The Parsees, too, are quite the best lot that is available, and there is no doubt that the fight will be keenly contested at every point. The heavy rain that Poona has experienced this year has done considerable damage to their new pitch, and it has been decided to play on the old pitch, though a second wicket has been got ready in case of rain. There does not, however, at the present moment of writing, seem to be any likelihood of a visit from Aquarius or Jupiter Pluvius, or who ever the jolly old god was who ruled the storms and winds. The northern side of the ground was lined with tents and chairs, and a large crowd assembled even at the commencement of the match, which increased considerably as the day wore on. The wicket selected to play on was on the old pitch, and from all appearance it looked as if it was not likely to stand the wear and tear of even two days' cricket. It seems to be a wicket in favour of the bowler, and long scores are not likely to be the order of the day. At 11-15 the two captains, Messrs. Stephens and Cooper proceeded to toss. The Parsee being successful with the spin of the coin, naturally selected to take first service of the wicket. At 11-20 the bell rang to clear the ground. In the meantime the tents allotted to the Parsees had filled rapidly, but the gathering of Europeans was still small. Cricket in Poona never excites the same interest as in Bombay, but the crowd was very representative and enthusiastic. At 11-30 the Europeans took the field.

Mistry and Machliwala began for the Parsees, Mistry receiving the first ball from Cheetham at the Gymkhana end. He opened by driving Cheetham to the off for a brace, repeating the stroke two balls later, and serving the last ball of the over to the same for three, the first over producing 7 runs. Sinclair bowled from the Council Hall end, Mistry getting the fourth ball away for a brace. Machliwala then made a single, which brought up the first decade. The first ball of Sinclair's next over proved fatal to Machliwala as the Kathiawar express bowled him off his pads.

Score: 10-1-1.

D. E. Mody joined Mistry, who had made nine out of the ten runs scored. Mody began by snicking Cheetham for three, and placed Sinclair for two, repeating the stroke two balls later. A three to Mistry brought up 20. Both bowlers now sent down a maiden, Brown bringing off a smart hit of fielding to cover point. Both then made runs, Mody beating Sinclair away to the tents, the first boundary in the match, which caused 30 to be hoisted. Stephens then met with a slight accident, a rising ball off Cheetham striking him in the face, but he pluckily resumed his position behind the sticks. Mody was the next victim who fell to a very sharp catch in the slips by Greig off Cheetham. The retiring batsman had made a baker's dozen by sound cricket.

Score: 31-2-13.

Stephens, however, was now obliged to retire, and Sprott assumed the gloves, Herbert going out to field as substitute for Stephens. Daruwalla was the next to join Mistry, and opened his account with a single with the score standing at 32. Ellison took the ball from Sinclair at the Council Hall end, Daruwalla putting him away for two, hitting the third ball for three. The right-hander snicking Cheetham for three, produced 40 on the board. Runs had come at the rate of a run a minute with 40 as the result of forty minutes' play. Cheetham now bowled a maiden. Play now slackened down a bit for an over or two, both batsmen shewing good defence, and the Presidency fielding being very close and good. Cheetham then fairly beat Mistry, the ball only just missing the wicket. Daruwalla then hit the last ball of Cheetham's over square to the boundary. Mistry chopping Ellison for three, registered the total as 50, the half-century being made in five minutes under the hour. Wigram did a brilliant bit of fielding at sharp leg, stopping a very hard hit of Daruwalla's. Sinclair now took the ball from Cheetham at the Gymkhana end, Mistry making three off the second ball. Mistry made a couple and a single, the over producing seven runs. Browne superseded Ellison at this stage. The change was successful as he bowled Mistry neck and crop with a ball that came from leg, and was his first ball. The outgoing batsman had played first-class cricket for his 28, which included four threes and five twos.

Score: 57-3-28.

Kanga joined Daruwalla, and began by three off Browne, which brought up 60. Daruwalla then stole a run, which by a wild return was converted into a brace. Daruwalla then carted a full pitch of Sinclair's for a quartette. Stephens, who had gone off to have his wound dressed, now returned and took a place in the field. Sprott still keeping on the gloves, Cheetham now resumed vice Sinclair, who had been proving expensive. Kanga then ran himself out in attempting a third run off a hit of Daruwalla's. He had been running several risky ones, and at last paid the penalty for his rashness. The score now stood at 70 for four wickets.

Score; 70-4-4.

Raja was the next, and began with a single, Daruwalla doing his share of the work, and Raja being content with playing for his side. Browne put in a maiden, and Daruwalla made a single off Cheetham. The same batsman then snicked Browne for 4, which brought up 80, and hit his next ball for the same number. Browne then nearly bowled Daruwalla, the ball only just going over the middle stump. Cheetham then bowled a maiden over, and Ellison replaced Browne, Daruwalla making a single off his first over. Raja gave a chance to Stephens at square leg, which was not held, and signalled the life by getting another brace, which brought up 90. Daruwalla then attempted to drive Cheetham, and was magnificently caught by Lowis. He played excellent cricket for his 43, and had made the stand of the innings, being at the wickets while 63 runs were scored.

Score: 94-5-43.

His innings consisted of four fours, three threes, and five twos. Patel now joined Raja, and began with three, followed by cutting Ellison late for three. Raja drove Cheetham for four, which brought up the century amidst rounds of applause. Cheetham, however, had his turn, clean bowling Raja with only one run added.

Score: 101-6-6.

Spencer joined Patel, and Sinclair went on at his original end, opening with a maiden. The bell now rang for luncheon.

After the customary interval, during which his Excellency Lord Sandhurst arrived on the ground, play was resumed at 2-30. Cheetham's first over after lunch produced 7; three off Sinclair bringing up 110. Three runs later, Cheetham bowled Spencer.

Score: 113-7-3.

Billimoria now joined Patel, but Cheetham bowled him the first ball with the score unaltered.

Score: 113-8-0.

Cooper was next, and began with a single. Sinclair now bowled two maidens in succession. Patel got Cheetham away for a brace, and followed it with a drive for three, which caused 120 to be registered. Browne now took the ball from Sinclair, and struck Cooper badly with his first ball. Cooper replied by driving the next for five into the far corner, all run out. This brought up 130. Patel now got straight in the front of the next ball of Cheetham's, and retired for a well-played 24, got by really good cricket, his score consisting of one four, three threes, and four twos. Mehta was the last to partner Cooper, who made a couple off Cheetham. Mehta then began with a brace of singles; Cooper bringing up 140 by hitting a full pitched one to the ropes. Ellison now took the ball from Browne, and successfully appealed for l.-b.-w. against Mehta. The innings closed at 3-15 for 141, the board shewing 141-10-2, Cooper having made 15 not-out.

THE PRESIDENCY'S INNINGS.

After the customary delay, the Parsees took the field. The Presidency began their innings at 3-30, Ellison and Greig starting to the bowling of Mistry and Mehta.; Ellison began with a brace; Mehta bowling a maiden to Greig, who then opened with a late cut for three off the fast bowler. Mistry bowled a maiden, and Greig put Mehta away for 3. Mehta then got past Ellison, who played on a ball that broke back a good bit.

Score: 9-1-3.

Browne joined Greig, who made 3 off Mistry. Browne opened with a single. Mehta bowling a maiden, Greig placed the left-hander for two, and made a single off the last ball of over. Greig now cut the Karachi man for 4, the first boundary of the innings, which brought up 20. Browne made a couple, and then was yorked by Mistry.

Score: 22-2-3.

With two good bats out for 22 things did not look rosy for the Europeans. Cheetham now joined Greig, who drove Mehta for 4, and cut him for 3; and driving Mistry for a brace, the telegraph shewed 30. Cheetham opened with a single, and hit the left-hander for a brace. Cooper brought off a splendid piece of fielding at the point, stopping a very hard cut of Greig's. Billimoria now went on for an over to allow bowlers to change ends. Greig cutting Mistry, produced 40, Machliwalla stopping a hard drive excellently. Billimoria now superseded Mehta. Cheetham driving him to the boundary, and cutting Mehta for 3, caused the half-century to be hoisted, the result of 55 minutes' play. Billimoria then negotiated Cheetham's downfall, getting him sharply caught at the wicket by Kanga, the batsman having made just a dozen.

Score: 50-4-12.

Sprott joined Greig, who got one to the boundary, and repeated the stroke for 4 the next ball. Sprott began with a single, and then drove Mehta for 4, causing 60 to go up. Greig had now made 39 out of the runs scored. The Parsees were fielding very well, but their men were ill-placed. Raja relieved Billimoria, Greig getting a single, and Sprott doing likewise, following it with a brace, which registered 70. Sprott now let out at Raja, and made 3, Greig pulling the same bowler for a similar figure, causing 80 to go up. Mistry now bowled vice Mehta; and Greig cutting his first ball for 4, scored his half-century in an hour and twenty minutes. Sprott served the left-hander the same way. Machliwala now bowled from the Council Hall end vice Raja. Sprott causing 90 to go up, Greig now cut Mistry for 4, all run out. Then Machliwala clean bowled Sprott, when the score was two runs short of the century, for a well-played 22, made by free and faultless hitting. Greig had made 57 of the total.

Score: 94-4-22.

Wigram joined Greig, who caused the century to be hoisted at 4-55 by cutting Mehta for a brace. Wigram began with a couple; Greig making three. Machliwalla then bowled a maiden. A couple of leg-byes made the board read 110. Billimoria now took a turn, superseding Machliwala, and appealed for l.-b.-w. against Wigram which was negatived. Machliwala went on at the other end. Greig scoring three off the first over, and repeating the stroke off the second ball of Machliwalla, made his score 70. Greig now gave a very hot chance to Mehta, which was not accepted, and two runs resulted. Patel now took charge of the attack instead of Mehta, but the change did not stop the run-getting, as six were scored off his first over. Mistry then relieved Billimoria. Raja now brought off a splendid catch at short-leg, falling with the ball, but retaining possession of it, Wigram being the victim. Greig had now notched 85.

Score: 134-5-6.

Mead now followed; Mehta bowling vice Patel. Greig cut his first ball for 4, Daruvala misfielding the ball, and repeated the stroke for a single, smacking the last ball for a 5, all run out. (Score: 140.) Mead now began with a single, and drove Mistry for 4, bringing up 150. Mistry took his revenge, as he clean bowled Mead the next ball.

Score: 150-6-5.

Stephens joined Greig, but lost his partner, who was clean-bowled by Mehta in trying to pull a short-pitched one, Greig again for the third consecutive time just failing to reach his century. A relentless fate seems never to allow the best bat in India the pleasure of making a hundred in a Presidency match. Greig had played a magnificent innings, marred only by one hot chance, when he had made 70. One can judge of his run-getting powers when his innings consisted of one five, eight fours, ten threes, and six twos.

Score: 150-7-96.

Stephens was then clean bowled by Mistry without adding to the score (150 for seven wickets). Stewart and Lowis were now in charge of the defence. Four leg-byes resulting off Mehta, Lowis now opened out to Mehta, and drove him for four, Stewart cutting Mistry for the same, which brought up 160. With the score standing at 162, the stumps were drawn for the day. The Presidency are 20 runs on and two wickets to fall.

The following are the scores and analysis:—

PARSEES.

First Innings.

K M Mistry, b Browne	28
B C Machilvala, b Sinclair	1
D E Mody, c Greig, b Cheetham	13
D C Daruwalla, c Lowis, b Cheetham	43
D D Kanga, run out	4
D M Raja, b Cheetham	6
C M Patel, l-b-w Cheetham	24
S B Spencer, b Cheetham	0
R D Cooper, not out	15
A H Mehta, l-b-w Ellison	2
Extras	2
Total	141

Fall of wicket:—One, 10; two, 31; three, 57; four, 70; five, 94; six, 101; seven, 113; eight, 113; nine, 132; ten, 141.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	B.	R.	M.	W
Cheetham	23	68	7	6
Sinclair	14	31	6	1
Ellison	9	15	2	1
Browne	9	24	2	1

PRESIDENCY.

First Innings.

J G Grieg, b Mehta	96
H Ellison, b Mehta	3
H E Browne, b Mistry	3
H Cheetham, c Kanga, b Billimoria	12
W Sprott, b Machliwala	22
K Wigram, c Raja, b Mistry	6
P J Mead, b Mistry	5
B S Stephens, b Mistry	0
Capt Lowis and Capt Steuart (still batting)	—
Sinclair, to bat	—
Extras	0
Total	147

ANALYSIS.

Mistry took four wickets for 50 runs; Mehta, two wicket for 56 runs; Billimoria one wicket for 18 runs; and Machliwala one wicket for 15 runs.

Umpires: Messrs. Pottinger and Usborne.

Play will be resumed, at 11-30, to-morrow.

POONA STEEPLE CHASES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 17.

The Steaple Chases were held at Yerrowda, this afternoon, under the most favourable auspices, the weather being splendid. This meeting has come into the hands of the Western India Turf Club, and the course has been nicely laid out. The attendance was good. There were a few falls during the races, but they were not much to speak of. The following are the results:—

FIRST RACE.—Yerrowda Race. Distance—1¼ mile. Value Rs. 500. For all Galloways.

Mr. Langton's Starling, 11st, Hon'ble Montmorency 1
Thakore Saheb of Morvi's Prussian, 10st 10lbs, Newman 2
Hon'ble Pomeroy's Dandydick, 2st 10lbs, Williams (Fell) 3
Mr Cleveland's Quartz, 9st 7lbs, Mr Estrange (Fell) 0

Betting: 4 to 6 on Starling; 2 to 1 Dandydick; and 3 to 1 the rest.

Startling went to the front, was never headed, and won by a length.

2ND RACE.—Bombay Army Cup. Distance—About two miles. Rs. 2,000.

Mr Stack's Skipjack, 10st 6lbs, Owner 1
Mr Wilkinson's Greymiss, 10st 9lbs, Mr Estrange 2
Captain Bond's Tarquin, 10st 11lbs, Owner 3

Also ran: Cymbaline, 10st 5lbs, and Pathan, 10st. 5lb.

Betting: 2 to 1 against Cymbaline and Pathan; 3 to 1 Greymiss and Skipjack; and 4 to 1 Tarquin, Cymbaline, and Greymiss.

Skipjack jumped well, Tarquin being in close attendance. After the water jump Cymbaline refused to jump, and was left in the lurch. Skipjack won by two lengths.

THIRD RACE.—Poona Grand National Steeple Chase. Distance—About two miles. Value Rs. 2,000.

Captain Young's Colah, 9st 9lb, Aldford 1
Captain Firman' Picarron, 12st. 11lb., Hon'ble Montmorency.. 1
Mr. Burder's Imperial, 11st. 4lbs., Mr. Estrange 2

Also ran: Ballarat, 10st. 13lbs.; Mallard, 11st. 9lbs.; Scamp, 11st. 5lbs.; Hereward, 11st, 4lbs.; Dingdong, 11st. 4lbs.; and Maidmarion, 10st. 13lbs.

Betting: Evens on Maidmarion; 3 to 1 against Picaroon, Mallard, and Dingdong; 4 to 1 against Hereward and Colah; 8 to 1 Imperial; and 10 to 1 the rest.

A Good Field. Colah took the lead, and maintained it till the finish.

4TH RACE.—"Ganeshkhind Chase." Distance—Two miles. Rs. 500.

Mr Eric's Medley, 10st 12lbs, Butlin 1
Mr Stack's Wordie Major, 10st 7lbs, Owner 2
Mr Cleveland's Prophet, 10st 7lbs, Captain Bond 3

Also ran: Cymbaline, 11st 12lbs; Native Cat, 11st. 6lbs.; and Sheila, 11st.

Betting: Half to 1 against Medley; 1½ to 1 against Sheila; 4 to 1 Native Cat; 5 to 1 Wordie Major and Cymbaline; and 6 to 1 Prophet.

Medley won by a short neck. Objection was raised by Wordie Major's owner, but was overruled.

THE POONA SPORTING CASE.

The case against Captain Ross was resumed to-day. No more witnesses were called for the prosecution. The magistrate then examined the accused, who put in a written statement.

Captain Ross stated that the new arrangements made by him at the race-course were approved and sanctioned by the Stewards. He obtained the European picquets to guard the enclosures from inside. Sergeant Bush, one of the picquets, informed him that his orders could not be carried out as Inspector Fleming was going in and out over the ropes. He called Inspector Fleming, and informed that the duty of the police was outside the enclosures, and not inside the enclosures, which, were under the supervision of the picquets. Inspector Fleming became insubordinate and insolent, and said he had a perfect right to go anywhere, and by any means convenient, in the discharge of his duties. He told Inspector Fleming to go out, but he did not listen. He therefore caused him to be ejected. A serious disturbance might have taken place, had not his action been prompt.

Mr. Burder then addressed the court. He said we were perfectly right in turning Inspector Fleming out after finding that he broke our rules, and used insubordinate and insolent language. No rules were made under section 47 of the Police Act, definning the duties of the police at the race meeting. The police go for their purposes, and they must obey our orders. Had Mr. Kennedy made a proper enquiry this action would never have been brought. He referred to the statement of the Hon. Mr. Little that their object was to drive gambling into the ring, and stated that he had never seen gambling tables inside the ring at any meeting. Mr. Little did not know the difference between a betting board and a gambling table. The Stewards, of whom he was one, unanimously approved the action of Captain Ross, who was their executive officer. They had never had assistance of the police in their ring. They never wanted it. They had a perfect right to have men from the Army, Navy, or wherever they liked, to keep order. If Inspector Fleming or anybody else misbehaved himself, Captain Ross was perfectly right in turning him out. He requested the magistrate to compare the statement of Captain Ross, with the evidence given by Inspector Fleming, and hoped the court would refuse to make the charge against him.

The magistrate dismissed the first three heads of charge under sections 186, 341, and 352, and framed a charge under 353, namely, using criminal force.

Captain Ross pleaded not guilty. Mr. Burder called witnesses for the defence. Sergeant McColville, of the Irish Rifles, said he was employed to sell tickets. His instructions were not to allow anyone in without tickets. A native coming over the ropes was turned away, but Inspector Fleming brought him.

Private Dignam turned him away. He told Inspector Fleming that he would not allow him to act in that manner. Inspector Fleming said "Keep your hair on, old man." Major Brown, of the Irish Rifles, said he was present every day at the sky meeting. There were crowds on the road, and he had to pull up often. There were gambling tables as well as sweetmeat tables on the piece of road newly made.

Sergeant Moore, of the Durham Infantry, said he was gate-keeper of the first enclosure. Inspector Fleming asked him to allow a gentleman and native to go inside without ticket; which he refused to do. Inspector Fleming took the native over the ropes, and he was turned away.

Private Dignam, of the Irish Rifles, said he turned out a native who went over the ropes. Afterwards Inspector Fleming put him over the ropes. Inspector Fleming said take care, or there will be a row. There were about six picquets outside the ropes. He had no orders about the police. He asked Inspector Fleming for a ticket, and would have prevented Inspector Fleming going without a ticket.

The case is adjourned till to-morrow.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

Latest dates of foreign messages received at Bombay, from the United Kingdom, during the 15 hours ending, at 8 p.m., of the 17th September, 1896.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes
Turkey	16	1	6 p.m.	16	50
Teheran	17	2	53 p.m.	...	12
Suez	17	3	p.m.	...	6

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay, during the 24 hours ending, at 8 p.m., of the 17th September, 1896.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	...	57	...	1
" Karachi	...	29	...	1
" Madras	...	20	...	1

THE HYDERABAD BIGAMY CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, SEPT. 14.

THE prosecution of Thomas William Perrett, on charges of bigamy and forgery, was resumed, to-day, before Mr. W. K. Jardine, Second Assistant Resident at Hyderabad, Mr. F. C. Crawford, Superintendent, Residency Police, prosecuting on behalf of Government. The prisoner was again undefended.

Mr. Crawford, on the court assembling, asked for the issue of a Commission to Bangalore to examine the accused's mother, who, he believed, had been summoned to attend the court, but who apparently discarded the summons.

The Court: Is it absolutely necessary that she should attend here?

Prosecutor: Well, we are in the dark as to what she knows and what she doesn't.

The Court: Couldn't you manage to find out what she does know?

Prosecutor: Very well. I think it would be as well to examine the accused as to whether he admits the photos, which I propose that Mr. Ulett should put in, otherwise it will be necessary to examine Mrs. Hall, his aunt at Vizagapatam, on commission. If he admits them, it will spare the examination.

Mr. William Charles Ulett was now called.

He stated, in answer to Mr. Crawford: I put in the letter written to me by accused from Jhansi, dated 15th July, 1896. I also put in a letter addressed to my wife by the accused, from Jhansi, dated 14th July, 1896. I put in the photographs said to be that of Mrs. Perrett received from Mrs. Hall, the accused's aunt at Vizagapatam. Annie Asprett, written on the back of the photo, is the maiden name of the accused's wife. The two children are those of Mr. Perrett. I recognise the photo as being exactly the same description to the one I saw with the accused's mother at Bangalore. I recognise the writing on the back as being that of the accused's. It is endorsed "From Polly," and has the names of the two children. Polly is the accused's aunt.

Mr. Battenberg testified unsworn to the receipt of the photos from his son at Vizagapatam enclosed with a private letter.

The Revd. S. H. Johnston was recalled by the prosecution, and said:—I produce the original affidavit by which accused got the marriage license. The affidavit was obtained from Madras, and the accused describes himself in it as a widower. I also put in an affidavit signed jointly by the accused and William Charles Ulett declaring that there was no let, cause or hindrance by previous contract, etc., to the said marriage. These are the originals sent to me by the Registrar at Madras, he having retained certified copies in the office.

Prosecutor: I have no more evidence to call just now, and would ask for an adjournment for ten days. You might perhaps, Sir, allow the Telegraph Master, who is here, to certify to the receipt in Hyderabad of the telegram from England addressed to Mr. Ulett by Rogers Rock and Co., stating that the accused's wife is alive.

The Court: Is there not a legal presumption that the telegram received here was the telegram sent?

Prosecutor: Yes, section 88, Indian Evidence Act, allows that. I would suggest that the accused be examined now on the certificates put in.

Thomas William Perrett, the accused, in answer to the court, said he was 33 years of age. The photo put in was that of his wife before he married her, and the photograph of the children was that of his children.

The Court: Whose writing is that on the back of the photo?—That is mine. "Polly" is Mrs. Hall, and Mrs. Hall is my aunt. I don't know whose writing it is on the back of Exhibit G, the other photograph of my three children.

The Court: What are the certificates referred to in the letters addressed to Mr. and Mrs. Ulett?

Accused: It is in reference to my employment at home. The reference in Exhibit E, the telegram from Jhansi to Mrs. Ulett, was made to the same certificate concerning my last employment in England on the London and South Western Railway. It was given to me by Mr. George Elliot. I sent the certificate to Mr. Ulett.

The Court: You admit having been married, but you don't seem to have produced any proof of your wife's death. What proof have you of her death?

Accused: I heard that she was dead.

The Court: You have seen the burial certificate of your wife's death; have you any explanation to offer as to that?

Accused: I have none.

The Court: It is in evidence that that certificate was taken from your possession. Have you any explanation to give as to how it came into your possession?

Accused: I first took it from Mr. Ulett in the morning and Mr. Ulett took it back again from me.

Mr. Crawford applied to the court to issue an order to Dr. Wittenberry, Assistant Surgeon, Station Hospital, Mhow, to forward to the court a box belonging to accused which Dr. Wittenberry had with him, to say had been left with him by Perrett, and he believed it to contain documents and photos which might assist the prosecution. In the event of the box being already on its way to accused's mother at Bangalore, the order could be served on the Agent of the Southern Mahratta Railway stopping its delivery.

The case stands adjourned till Thursday, 24th instant.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN adjourned meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon, Dr. Cowasji Hormusji presiding. There were also present:—The Hon'ble Mr. Abdalla M. Dharamsi, Dr. Bhalchandra Krishna Bhatwadekar, Messrs. Bomanjee Pestonjee Master, C. T. Burke, Byramjee Nusserwanjee Servai, Dr. Dominick A. D'Monte, Rao Bahadur Dhakji Kashinathji, Messrs. Dinsha Edulji Wacha, Fardunji Nasarwanji Bisni, H. G. Geli, Hari Sitaram Dikshit, Ismail Jan Mahomed, the Hon. Mr. Javerilal Umiashankar Yajnik, Messrs. Kavasji Edalji Dadachanji, K. M. Shroff, G. Lund, Mulji Bhowanidas Barbhaya, O. V. Muller, Nanabhai Navroji Katrak, Nowroji Jehangir Gamadia, the Hon. Mr. Rahimtulla Mohamed Sayani, Mr. Sundernath D. Khote, Dr. Edward F. Underwood, and Mr. R. H. Vincent.

ADULTERATION OF GHEE.

The debate on this question was continued yesterday. On the last occasion, it will be remembered, the Hon. Mr. Abdulla M. Dharamsi had moved the adoption of the report of the committee appointed by the Corporation to consider the subject. To this an amendment was proposed by Mr. Sundernath D. Khote, seconded by Mr. Badrudin bin Abdulla Kur, that the last paragraph in the committee's report regarding the adulteration of ghee be deleted, and that, as thus amended, the report be approved and adopted, that the President be requested to inform Government accordingly.

Mr. Ardasir F. Unwalla proposed, and Mr. Pestonji N. Wadia seconded, another amendment "That the report of the Committee regarding the adulteration of ghee be approved and adopted; but that sub-clause 4 of section 417-A of the Bill be read as follows: In any prosecution under this section the burden of proving that the vendor was ignorant, &c., . . . by the sale shall be upon the said vendor, and on proof of such ignorance he shall not be held liable to any penalty as prescribed in sub-clause (1) of this section.

After 5 p.m., it was proposed by Mr. Dinsha E. Wacha, and seconded by Rao Bahadur Dhakji Kashinathji—"That the further consideration of the report of the Committee of the Corporation regarding the adulteration of ghee be adjourned." The motion for adjournment was carried, the votes being 15 for and 9 against.

Mr. Sundernath D. Khote, having withdrawn his amendment, Mr. Dharamsi pointed out that it was expedient to retain the last paragraph in the report, because in order to approach the general dealers, they would have to go through the retail dealers to whom the paragraph in question applied.

On a division Mr. Unwalla's amendment was lost, the original proposition of Mr. Dharamsi being carried "nem. con."

This concluded the business before the meeting.

MILITARY NEWS.

CAPTAIN M. BAUGH, to be Wing Commander.

CAPTAIN H. HODGES, to be Wing Commander, and to remain seconded.

CAPTAIN C. MITCHELL-INNES, Leinster Regiment, has been posted to the 1st Battalion.

CAPTAIN S. B. GRAHAM, 14th M. I., is confirmed in the appointment of Garrison Quartermaster, Fort St. George, vice Bunbury, vacated.

CAPTAIN R. F. ALLEN, R.E, is transferred from the Headquarters of the Director-General of Military Works to the Bengal Command.

SANCTION has been accorded to an estimate amounting to Rs. 29,100 for the construction of a new house for the officers of the British Regiment at Mandalay.

THE following appointments have been made:—43rd Gurkha Rifles.—Lieutenant C. Stansfield, from 23rd Madras Infantry, to be officiating Wing Officer. 3rd Bombay Infantry.—Captain DeLisle, Wing Commander, to be 2nd-in-Command.

RUGBY FOOTBALL MATCH.

GYMKHANA VS. RANGERS' F. C.

PLAY will commence at 5-15, punctually. The following will play for the Gymkhana:—

Back: A. E. Edie.

Three-quarter Backs: P. F. Fisher, F. D. Vines, and C. Ross.

Half-Backs: H. E. John and L. S. Hudson.

Forwards: G. Richardson, A. Waller, J. Remington, A. Shewan, T. D. Moore, G. Forsyth, A. A. Economo, G. Dodgson, and W. M. Farewell.

ORIENTAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ANNUAL MEETING.

ALL THE RESOLUTIONS CARRIED "NEM CON."

A FEW days ago widespread circulation was given to an appeal to the policy-holders of this well-known Assurance Company, adversely criticising certain proposals contained in the annual report, and asking policy-holders "to attend the next meeting and demand investigation of these and other matters, and keep a sharp eye on the doings of the management." It was anticipated in some quarters that this appeal would lead to very animated proceedings, and that very marked differences of opinion would be manifested in the voting on the resolutions passed. But if anyone went to the meeting yesterday afternoon hoping for a lively and exciting time, he must have been considerably disappointed. A little warmth was occasionally shown, but it could be seen from the first that the vast bulk of the shareholders and policy-holders present were animated by no spirit of captious criticism against the management and directorate. The whole of the resolutions were carried *nem con*, and so far as any discordant element prevailed it was almost entirely, as remarked by a spectator, a "one man show." If any organized opposition was intended it melted away before the cordiality, not to say enthusiasm, with which the majority of those present assented to the proposals emanating from the Board. Before the meeting closed even Mr. Dwarkwadas, the joint plaintiff on the recent High Court action, was in an agreeable frame of mind, and metaphorically speaking, buried the hatchet by cordially reciprocating Mr. Slater's friendly advances. They grasped each others hand across the table, and this agreeable climax was, it is needless to say, greeted with loud cheers and laughter. The Hon. Mr. Fazulbhoy Visram, C.I.E., chairman of the company, presided, and was supported by the Hon. Mr. Javerilal U. Yajnik, Mr. Gordhandas Khattau, Mr. W. M. Macaulay, and Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee (directors), Mr. D. McLauchlan Slater (manager and actuary), Mr. Hormusjee Shapurjee (solicitor), Mr. R. Paterson Brown (secretary), Brigade-Surgeon-Lieut.-Col. Arnott, medical adviser, and a large number of shareholders and policy-holders.

The notice convening the meeting having been read, and the process put in, the Chairman said:—Gentlemen,—When we met this time last year I scarcely expected that with the keen competition that recently prevailed we would be able to place before you such a satisfactory report of the year's working as has invariably been the case in the past. Thanks, however, to the indomitable perseverance of our able and energetic manager and actuary,—Mr. McLauchlan Slater,—we have held our own, and are in a position to place before you a statement giving evidence of solid and increasing prosperity notwithstanding violent and ill-informed criticisms on the part of a very few who should aid, instead of hinder, the work of the company. During the year our funds have been increased to the extent of Rs. 12,13,514-0-11, the total funds on 31st December 1895 after allowing for all claims admitted but not paid, being the large sum of one crore and four lakhs. I need not say, Gentlemen, that this huge sum affords unquestionable security to all policy-holders. The income derived from premiums and annuity contracts for the year is Rs. 22,12,281-11-9, showing an increase of Rs. 78,615-2-6 over the previous year. To give you an idea of the steady growth of the company's funds I cannot do better than give the figures contained in a table in Mr. Meikle's seventh valuation report.

Having quoted figures showing that the funds which

directors have consulted the interests of both classes of the Company's members, namely, policy-holders and shareholders. When it is remembered that no less than Rs. 67,858 is proposed to be added to the policy-holders' share from the reserve fund created at the last extraordinary meeting, and that only Rs. 15,730 is to go to the shareholders under Article 133, it will be clearly seen to what a limited extent the powers conferred on the directors to supplement the shareholders' portion of profits has been exercised. Gentlemen, I am delighted to find that we have a constituency of nearly 22,500 persons holding policies for sums assuring five crores and seventy-four lakhs. The accumulated funds bear a ratio of nearly one-fifth of the total insurance liability of the Company, a ratio which on actuarial basis is extremely safe and sound. These results have not been obtained without much anxious thought and care of our Manager, Mr. McLauchlan Slater, who, as you are well aware, has been chiefly instrumental in rearing the Company to its present maturity and gigantic business. (Loud cheer). Our thanks are also due to the Company's Consulting Actuary, Mr. James Meikle, F.I.A., who performs this most responsible and onerous duty in connection with the Company. Gentlemen, it now affords me great satisfaction to move the adoption of the directors' report and audited accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1895. (Applause).

THE ANNUAL REPORT.

In the course of the annual report it was stated :—As on previous occasions, the directors are glad to report that substantial progress has been made, the result of the business being that the funds of the company, which, at the beginning of the year amounted to Rs. 91,61,014-4-6 have been increased by no less than the sum of Rs. 12,13,514-0-11, thus making a total of Rs. 1,03,74,528-5-5 being an amount of accumulated resources which affords to all policyholders unquestionable security. The details of the above increase are given in the accounts, which give a clear and complete view of the Company's affairs. A copy of the accounts accompanies this report, to which are also appended the bankers', official trustee's auditors', certificates. During the year 4,559 life proposals were made to the Company for assuring sums amounting in the aggregate to Rs. 1,28,33,527. The above is the largest number of proposals made to the Company in any year during its history. Of this number 2,986 have resulted in policies, and the remainder have either been declined, withdrawn, or are awaiting completion. The total assurances effected during the year amounted to Rs. 77,12,335 the annual premia on which, exclusive of debts due to the Company, being Rs. 3,13,773-14-8. In addition to this business, the Company issued 1 policy assuring Rs. 1,000 and realising in single premium Rs. 497 ; also 1 pension certificate for monthly pension of Rs. 5, the annual subscription payable thereunder being Rs. 27-0-0. The annual revenue for the year amounted to Rs. 25,95,649-7-5, of which Rs. 12,28,281-11-0 was derived from premiums and annuity contracts, and Rs. 3,83,362-11-8, from interest on investments. Claims for Rs. 8,08,298-9-6 were paid during the year. The total out-go for the year is Rs. 13,88,862-6-10 which includes Rs. 40,198-8-9 for re-assurances, and Rs. 9,73,932-9-2 for claims, pensions, surrenders, annuities, dividends, and cash bonuses to policyholders, leaving a balance to credit over disbursements of Rs. 12,13,514-0-11 Under the provisions of the Articles of Association, Mr. Gordhandas Khattau and Mr. M. Moses retire from office as directors at the general meeting, but are eligible for re-election. Mr. M. M. Dadina shareholders' auditor, and Mr. B. P. Wadia, policy-holders' auditor, also retire, but are eligible for re-election. Another triennial period for the division of profits closed on the 31st December 1894. An investigation into the liabilities of the Company has been made by Mr. James Meikle, F.I.A., and actuary of the highest standing and his report was as you are aware adopted at an extraordinary meeting of shareholders and policy-holders, held on the 29th day of July, 1895. Notwithstanding the stringent method of valuation that has been followed, the Board have the gratification to announce that the surplus of assets amounts to Rs. 3,74,045 of which sum Rs. 1,91,348 the consulting actuary recommends to be set aside to a reserve fund. Of the remainder, one-tenth part belongs to the shareholders, and nine-tenths to policyholders. The shareholders' share, supplemented by Rs. 15,730 from the reserve fund, enables the directors to recommend a dividend of 12 per cent. per annum until next valuation, while the amount Rs. 3,44,427 belonging to policyholders likewise supplemented by Rs. 66,858 from reserve fund will afford a reversionary bonus of 1¼ per cent. per annum for each year of the valuation to policy-holders as recommended by the consulting actuary. The directors are confident that the highly favourable nature of the consulting actuary's report together with the distribution of profits now made, will be productive of a large increase in the business. The board of directors again record with pleasure the great care, zeal and ability shewn by the officers of the Company, and desire to acknowledge the valuable exertions of the numerous agents in augmenting the business.

Mr. Gordhandas Khatau, in seconding the motion, said : After the able and lucid exposition of the company's affairs by the chairman, it is unnecessary for me to say anything upon the report. The year's working is most satisfactory, and it gives me great pleasure to think that such steady and uninterrupted advancement should have attended the career of the company throughout.

CRITICISMS OF THE ACCOUNTS.

Mr. Dwarkwadas Dharamsey asked for information regarding several items in the accounts. He asked whether an item of Rs. 475,903-5-10 shown in the balance-sheet was brought forward in the revenue account. He also animadverted upon the way in which the interest on Government paper was shown, stating that at three and a-half per cent. the interest on the capital was not correctly given. The balance-sheet was wrong in that it showed as an asset the interest paid to sellers of Government paper, which was properly chargeable to interest account. He went on to say that the policy-holders were thankful to the Board for giving them 1¼ per cent. bonus, but as the shareholders were receiving larger dividend, it seemed to him that the policy-holders might well look for an enhanced bonus, and that at least a quarter per cent. should be added.

The chairman said that unfortunately Mr. Dwarkwadas had gone into the criticism of details of accounts without previously communicating with the Board, and it was almost impossible to answer his criticisms fully at a moment's notice. However, he had no doubt the accountant of the company would be able to give some explanation.

Mr. Jamsetjee Billimoria, the accountant, in explaining the various items of accounts referred to by Mr. Dwarkwadas Dharamsey, said : The item of Rs. 475,903-5-10 in the balance-sheet is the balance of revenue account shown in schedule I., from the commencement of the Company up to 31st December 1895. It is the excess of income over outgo after passing the amount payable to the official trustee on trust fund account. Mr. Dwarkwadas has evidently worked out the interest that should have been received during the year by the company on investments, and alleged that the figure arrived at by him did not correspond to that shown in the revenue account. But in this connection I may say that the item of Rs. 3,40,195-2-5 in the revenue account is quite correct. The interest paid on purchases of Government paper during the year has been duly debited to the interest account, and it is only, after such debits, that the balance of Rs. 3,40,195 has been arrived at. The interest on purchases has not been debited to Government paper premium and discount account, as Mr. Dwarkwadas seems to suppose.

Mr. Dwarkwadas Dharamsey was pursuing the subject further, when Mr. Javerilal suggested that, as these were matters of detail, it would be better for Mr. Dwarkwadas to have an interview with the accountant, who would, no doubt, give him a full explanation. The suggestion was greeted with applause, and Mr. Dwarkwadas said he would act upon it. With reference to the suggestion that the share of profits to the policy-holders should be increased, the chairman pointed out that, on a matter of that sort, they must be guided by the opinion of their Consulting Actuary in Europe, and could not make such change without first obtaining his approval.

The motion was then put to the meeting, and carried "nem con."

REDUCTION OF PREMIUMS.

The Hon. Mr. Javerilal U. Yajnik moved that the Consulting Actuary's seventh valuation report on the assets and liabilities of the Company, on the 31st December 1894, having been adopted at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company, held on the 29th day of July, 1895, dividend to shareholders for the years 1895, 1896, and 1897 be, and is hereby, declared at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum on the paid-up capital, and that a reversionary bonus of 1¼ per cent. per annum on the sum assured for each year of the valuation be allotted to with-profit-policies that were in force on 31st December 1894, and are in force still with the option of having the bonus so allotted added to the sums assured or of receiving its cash-value either in one sum or in reduction of premia as per particulars hereunder given:—On policies effected before 31st December 1879, and in force on 31st December 1894, 17½ per cent. of the aggregate premia paid during the years 1892, 1893, and 1894 (calculated at the full original rate after deduction of extra for health or otherwise) to be applied in reduction of premia from 1st October 1895 to 30th June 1899 ; on policies effected in 1880, 1881, and 1882, 15 per cent. to be applied as above ; on policies effected in 1883, 1884, and 1885, 12½ per cent. ; on policies effected in 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, and 1894, 10 per cent. ; payment in cash to be at the rate of 75 per cent. of the amount available in case of reduction in premia as above.

In moving the proposition, Mr. Javerilal emphatically denied that the Board was seeking the interests of the share-holders rather than of the policy-holders. They were as anxious and as determined to uphold the interests of the latter as of the former. He pointed out that the shareholders were deserving of consideration, seeing that for several years after the company was formed they were only obtaining a dividend of from 3 to 4 per cent., and also that it was their capital alone which enabled the company to be formed. The fact was, that the Board did its utmost to be fair to both parties, with the result that both sides were apt to complain that the other was getting the most benefit.

Mr. W. M. Macaulay seconded the motion.

In the course of a brief discussion Mr. Hormusjee Shapurjee expressed his regret that the pamphlet issued by two gentlemen in his own profession showed that they had only looked at the question of the relative profits of shareholders and policy-holders from one point of view. If they had taken into consideration the small dividends the share-holders received in the first instance, he did not think they would have written such an opinion. It was a pity that some persons, who, as policy-holders, should do their best to uphold the Company, were trying to damage it.

The Hon. Mr. Daji Abaji Khare was proceeding to make some explanations regarding the pamphlet, which he had issued in conjunction with Mr. Bhagvat, when the Chairman ruled him out of order, on the ground that that was not the question before the meeting. Mr. Khare bowed to the decision of the chair, but said it was a pity the solicitor of the company had been allowed to refer to the pamphlet if he could not reply.

The Chairman : I am sorry that was done, I carefully avoided referring to the pamphlet myself, and as it is not before the meeting, I cannot allow it to be discussed in connection with this resolution.

The motion was then put and carried.

THE DIRECTORATE.

With a few well chosen words Dr. W. H. Boyd moved that the best thanks of the meeting be given to the chairman and directors for their great attention to the business of the Company, and that their fees be increased from Rs. 25 to Rs. 30 for each Board meeting.

The motion was seconded by Mr. R. M. Mulla Feroze and carried unanimously.

The Chairman : On behalf of myself and colleagues, I have to thank you for this continued confidence, and to assure you that in the future, as in the past, we will do our best to promote the true interests of the Company.

Dr. James Arnott proposed the re-election of Messrs. Gordhandas Khattau and S. M. Moses as directors, who took a deep interest at all times in the affairs of the company.

Mr. Luxmon Juggunnath seconded the motion, which was carried, and Mr. G. Khatau returned thanks.

OTHER OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY.

Mr. C. D. Furdoonjee moved, and Mr. J. D. Chinoy seconded, that Mr. M. M. Dadina and Mr. B. P. Wadia be re-elected auditors of the company for the current year, and that their fee be increased from Rs. 1,000 each to Rs. 1,250, which was unanimously agreed to.

The Chairman proposed the thanks of the meeting be given to the medical advisers of the company throughout India for their great care in the examination of lives which have been proposed for assurance to the company.

Mr. R. Davies seconded the motion, which was heartily carried.

Dr. Arnott in replying bore testimony to the care exercised by the Board in the acceptance of risks, and incidentally mentioned that he had examined over 50,000 candidates for policies, since he was appointed medical adviser in 1874.

Dr. Shankaran Vittal moved a vote of thanks to the working agents, canvassers, shareholders, and policy-holders of the Company for their personal interest and activity on behalf of the "Oriental."

Mr. B. P. Pochajee seconded the motion, which was replied to by Mr. C. J. Medhura, who said the agents would have done a still larger business but for the action of a handful of policy-holders.

Mr. C. Akilanadanga, of Ootacamund, proposed that the thanks of the share-holders and policy-holders be given to Mr. D. M. Slater, Mr. R. Paterson Brown, and the office staff for the zeal, attention, and faithful services rendered to the Company during the past year. In doing so, he spoke in highly eulogistic terms of Mr. Slater.

The Chairman seconded the proposition, which was carried unanimously.

REPLY OF THE MANAGER AND ACTUARY.

Mr. McLauchlan Slater said :—Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen,—On behalf of Mr. Paterson Brown, myself, and office staff, I have to thank you for the kind vote of thanks which you have just passed. I may say, both for myself and for the whole staff, that we, not only try to do our work to the best of our ability, but are proud of belonging to a Company so important and prosperous as the "Oriental," and we take pleasure in its continued prosperity and growth from year to year. I should like to make a few remarks, in order to remove some misconception that appears to exist amongst two or three policy-holders regarding the seventh valuation report, by our Consulting Actuary, Mr. James Meikle, F.I.A., F.F.A., Edinburgh. This obscurity is no doubt to be attributed to their want of the technical knowledge required for a full comprehension of the subject. In a foot-note to the printed report of that part of the Chairman's speech at our recent extraordinary meeting, where he refers to a reserve fund account for equalising dividends, bonus, &c., I stated that the reserve fund proper of the company is the Trust Fund with the Official Trustee of Bombay, amounting at 31st December 1895, to ninety-six lakhs, twenty-four thousand, six hundred, and ninety-nine Rupees in Government Paper. This fund can only be operated on to pay claims, and it is the largest Reserve Fund held by any Life Assurance office when the age of the Company, and sums assured are taken into consideration. With regard to what the Company has done in the past declaring dividends to shareholders and bonus to policy-holders, we have acted implicitly on the able advice of our Consulting Actuary, whose opinion is, I venture to say, of more value than that of any one in India. The point is one of so much interest that I must ask you to bear with me while I quote a few brief extracts from Mr. Meikle's report, dated 10th June 1895 on dividends.

Having quoted from the report distributed as a supplement to the last issue of this journal Mr. Slater continued : These remarks seem to me to put the matter very plainly. Our paid-up capital is the small sum of one and a-half lakh of rupees. On this amount the Company has only paid an average dividend of 6½ per cent. for 20 years ; while as stated by Mr. Meikle in his last valuation report "that although the Company was organised in 1874, the first dividend (3 per cent.) to shareholders was entered in the accounts for 1881." This surely indicates careful and sound management. In the light of above you will readily admit there can be little or no need to adopt a new method. There is no institution so carefully valued and with such mathematical precision as a Life Assurance Company. In this respect there can be no comparison between the Reserve Fund of this Company and that of a mill or bank. The "Oriental" has done great things for the natives of this country by giving suitable facilities for provision of their families at reasonable rates that would have been impossible but for its institution, and this has been accomplished at 100 per cent. less expense than by any company of the same age. I am compelled to make these observations in order to remove any wrong impression that the ill-judged proceedings and utterances of a mere handful of policy-holders may possibly have created as to the position of the Company and its management. As to these proceedings and utterances I would take this opportunity to earnestly impress on these critics the fact that in what they have done and doing they have served and are serving, not the interests of this Company, but certain of its astute rivals. Taking unscrupulous advantage of the feeling engendered, these rivals have done no little to discredit this Company at such distances from headquarters that their falsehoods could not readily be met. This is no mere matter of surmise but of positive information which has reached my ears—information which has elicited instructions from this Company to its agents abroad to bring such detractors to book. All well managed Life Assurance Companies advocate the principle and advantage of their own offices, without detracting from others. This is what we have always done.

ENDOWMENT POLICIES.

Before sitting down I wish to say that the larger the amount paid under Endowment Policies the better we are pleased. Persons who have received in their own life-time the sums they assured, will give us valuable assistance by introducing their friends as members. There is one point in this connection which I would mention. In looking at our list of policy-holders, when considering the applications for Assurance submitted to the Board from week to week, I have been struck by the fact that a large and increasing number of policy-holders come to the Company for an assurance for a second and third time and oftener, and their policies are kept in force. We could desire no better proof than this of the excellence of what our Company offers. Our constituents are now to be found in every quarter of the globe. In the Drummond Castle disaster the Oriental lost an endowment policy-holder who had only three years to complete his age for payment. The Oriental is the only Life Assurance of its kind, and gives a new character to practical Life Assurance and its administration in India. This is done by allowing policy-holders a voice in its management, a generous course that has been justified by our success, notwithstanding what has occurred during the last two years. In no other proprietary Insurance Company have policy-holders a like privilege, and it may be permitted to say that they should be careful not to abuse the same. Suppose a bank gave depositors a voice in its management (which would be the same as we now do to policy-holders), the result would no doubt be less harmony.

THE FUTURE OF THE COMPANY.

I would like to say a few words upon the general position and advantages of the Company. The first consideration in choosing a Life Office in which to insure is undoubtedly stability, and in this respect the "Oriental" stands very high as vouched for by one of the highest Actuarial Authorities, : viz :—Mr. James Meikle, F.I.A., F.F.A. It has been successfully conducted for a period of 22 years. As the Company is established in India its management is entirely in this country. The position to which the Comany has advanced speaks for itself. I venture to predict that we may look forward to the "Oriental" progressing at a much greater rate than it has hitherto done. When the further extension of Railway communication all over India has given full play to the immense productive powers of the country and his further insured a steady progress in wealth, I cannot help thinking that by continued prudence and good management the "Oriental" has a future of almost illimitable possibilities. Instrumental as I was in the formation of the Company, and having managed it from the first, shareholders and policy-holders will readily understand that its welfare has always been to me a matter of keen interest, and I feel anything that tends to reflect thereon. There is not a Life Assurance Company that has passed its majority that can say with us that they have not altered a single line in their policy from the commencement. Notwithstanding the recent ill-judged proceeding to which I have referred the confidence of our constituents and the public in the "Oriental," I am happy to say, continues to be fully maintained. As the Chief Executive Officer, and a large policyholder and shareholder, from the commencement I take this opportunity of thanking all connected with the Company who have materially assisted in bringing about the favourable results set forth in the annual statement just presented. (Cheers.) We hope to meet you again early next year with an equally favourable report for the current year.

Several times during the course of Mr. Slater's speech Mr. Dwarkwadas asked the Chairman to rule him out of order, but Mr. Fazulbhoy said he would be the judge whether Mr. Slater was in order or not, and requested Mr. Dwarkwadas to sit down.

Dr. Boyd remarked that many of them would be interested to learn that that was the birthday of their able manager, and they would all wish him many happy returns of the day, to continue the good work done in the past in building up that noble institution. Upon his suggestion three ringing cheers, followed by "one cheer more," were given for Mr. Slater. Mr. Dwarkadas joined in the congratulations, and amidst enthusiastic applause Mr. Slater reached across the table and grasped Mr. Dwarkadas warmly by the hand.

A vote of thanks to the chairman, proposed by Mr. Hormusjee, and seconded by Mr. Dwarkadas, brought the meeting to a close.

FEMALE INFANTICIDE.

A NEW BOMBAY BILL.

THE following is the statement of objects and reasons of a new Bill to Amend Act VIII of 1870 (an Act for the Prevention of the murder of Female Infants) which the Hon'ble Mr. Birdwood will introduce into the Bombay Legislative Council :—

In 1870 it was directed, with the sanction of the Governor-General of India in Council, that measures for the prevention of female infanticide should be taken under Act VIII of 1870 as regards the Kadva and Lewa Kunbis in the districts of Ahmedabad and Kaira, and in April 1871 rules were made under section 2 of that Act, prescribing the payment of certain fees for the registration of births, and other matters. In 1873 a fund called the Infanticide Fund was formed in each district of the fees collected under these rules.

2. Subsequently, on representations received, the rules were placed in abeyance and in 1889, other rules were framed. These rules contained no provision as to the manner in which the Funds should be spent.

3. The accumulated fees could be put to no useful purpose contemplated by the Act, and Government were advised that expenditure on any purposes not contemplated in that Act would, in the absence of special legislative authority, be illegal.

4. The Infanticide Funds of the Kaira and Ahmedabad Districts now amount to about Rs. 8,736 and Rs. 62,452 respectively. They have been accumulating at interest for more than 20 years, and there appears to be no practicable scheme for spending them in a useful manner and at the same time in a manner free from all legal objections.

5. It is thought unfortunate that these Funds should continue to lie idle for an indefinite period, and it is the object of the proposed legislation to free Government from the obligation to spend the Funds solely in the way indicated in the Act.

6. The fact that the fees were collected from the Lewa and Kadva Kunbi castes alone cannot be lost sight of. But in view of the practical difficulties connected with any scheme for now apportioning the Funds to the persons or even to the castes from whom the fees were collected, and in view also of the fact that expenditure by the Local Boards of the Kaira and Ahmedabad Districts must necessarily benefit the Lewa and Kadva Kunbis who form so important an element of the agricultural population of those districts, it is considered that the best practicable scheme would be to hand over the Kaira and Ahmedabad Infanticide Funds to the Local Boards of the Kaira and Ahmedabad Districts respectively, and to those Boards full discretionary power to spend the Funds on water-supply, sanitation, education, communications and other local improvements.

7. The previous sanction of the Governor General required by section 5 of the Statute 55 and 56 Vict., c. 14, has been obtained for the introduction of this Bill.

THE WEATHER.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla. In. Cts.	Esplade. In. Cts.	Fort. In. Cts.	Colaba. In. Cts.
Previously registered ... 88	9	86 26	92 62	86 59
Thursday, Sept. 17.....	0 00	0 00	0 00	0 00
Total.. 88	2	86 26	92 62	86 59
Total fall to Sept. 17, 1895..73	38	62 8	63 67	62 63
Total fall to Sept. 17, 1894..84	82	69 29	70 25	61 00

Rainfall at Byculla registered from 6 p. m. to 6 p. m. at the Esplanade and Fort from 8 a. m. to 8 a. m. ; and at Colaba from 6 a. m. to 6 a. m.

MATHERAN.

	In. Cts.
Previously registered	278 54
September 15	1 81
Total.....	280 35

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M., ON THURSDAY, THE 17TH OF SEPTEMBER, 1896.

SUMMARY.

Pressure has decreased briskly at Lahore and Allahabad, and has been steady or has changed only slightly over the rest of the country. Readings are lowest in the north, and highest in Ceylon and on and off the Malabar Const. Gradients are steep to slight. Winds at Goa, Ratnagiri and Bombay are velocity, while they are very variable in direction elsewhere. The force has been fresh to light. This morning the wind velocity was 18 miles an hour at Bhuj, 16 at Ajmere and Akola, and 14 at Agra and Neemuch. The maximum temperature is from 1 to 8° in excess of the mean of the season in many places, and the minimum in large excess at Lahore. The highest temperature in the shade was 103° at Jacobabad, and the lowest 62° at Belgaum. Humidity changes are very irregular, and the skies are cloudy to overcast at Agra, Allahabad, Karachi, Ahmedabad, Rajkot, Indore, Saugor, Jubulpore, Surat, Aurangabad., Belgaum, Mangalore, Calicut and Bangalore. Light to moderate showers have fallen at Cawnpore, Nagpur, Ratnagiri, Goa, Karwar, Mangalore and Calicut, and a few drops at Allahabad, Rajkot, Saugor, Jubulpore, Raipur, Belgaum and Secunderabad. The isobars indicate the existence of a depression to the eastwards of Raipur, which appears to be moving in a north-westerly direction. They also indicate the probability of another depression or a large area of low pressure far to the eastwards of Negapatam in the Bay, where the weather is unsettled. Conditions are slightly favourable for rain in local showers in the Bombay Presidency, the Central and North-West Provinces, and on the Malabar Coast.

The s. s. Safari left Zanzibar on the 6th, and reports having experienced up to about Latitude 1° N., Longitude 44° E., moderate to fresh trades, cloudy to overcast sky and moderate sea ; to Latitude 1° 9° N., Longitude 68° E., at noon on the 16th moderate to fresh monsoon winds, cloudy to overcast sky, a moderate sea and light passing showers ; to arrival on the 16th moderate to fresh westerly to north-westerly winds, slight sea and passing clouds.

W. C. NIGEL JONES,
Acting Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

THURSDAY'S observations :—The storm has not altered in intensity but has changed its courses, as the centre is now travelling north eastward through Central Bengal and now apparently lies just to north of Burdwan. A well-marked cyclonic circulation of winds prevail over Bengal and that neighbourhood and the force is fresh in South Bengal. Rain has fallen in the greater part of Burma, Bengal and Bihar and showers over eastern half of the North-West Provinces. The principal falls in this area are eight inches in Kendat, four inches in Purnea, and over two inches in Mymensing, Burdwan, Jalpaiguri and Dinajpur. In other parts of India the conditions are unchanged, and the only rainfall are a few light showers in the Punjab, the Central Provinces, and west Peninsula, all being less than one inch. The mean temperature is very low in Bihar and below normal in all parts of North-East India, but generally excessive elsewhere. The highest maximum reported is a hundred and five degrees in Montgomery.

THE ALBION MILK AND SULPHUR SOAP —Pure, Mild, and Emollient.—This essentially complexion Soap is most agreeable and beneficial in use, especially where the skin is sensitive, or has become roughened by exposure on land or sea. It lever irritates, and hence with its soothing and leasantly purifying tendency is particulary valuable in hot climates. A luxury for the Toilet, and the Bath. Indispensable for Children. Creamy lathers, delicately perfumed. Sold by all Chemists' Stores.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

ACCORDING to a local correspondent an epidemic of crime has suddenly broken out in Agra, and several murders, dacoities, and outrages have occurred. A native police officer has been shot and dangerously wounded, a chowkidar has been shot dead and his body mutilated, an official of the Civil Courts, on raising an alarm of thieves, was shot through the wrist, and a wealthy native woman was intimidated by drawn sword being held over her head and made to "bail up." No arrests have been made yet in connection with these crimes, but last night the Kotwal apprehended three burglars with a good deal of booty.

THE office of the Commissary-General, Madras Command, is to be transferred to Ootacamund with effect from the 1st October.

MR. BARNES, officiating foreign secretary, will join his appointment of Governor-General's Agent, at Quetta, about October 15th.

THE Bengal Government has under consideration the question of contributions to private individuals for the preservation of archæological remains.

MAHARAJA HOLKAR, who is at present on tour in Northern India, will probably pay a visit to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, at Darjeeling, finally returning to his capital, *via*. Calcutta.

NEWS received from Mittai in Bajour states that 300 Shinwari khasadars, armed with Sniders, under the command of Sher Mahomed Khan, form the Afghan garrison there. They are clothed in the uniform of the Amir's regular army. The above news is held to show the necessity for an early demarcation of the Mohmand-Bajour frontier, and this is emphasised by the news that General Gholam Hyder has summoned to Asmar the Mohmand elders of the country not yet delimited. They will probably be called upon to declare allegiance to the Amir.

A BRASS memorial tabet has just been put up in the Union Church, at Simla, to the memory of the late Colonel A. H. Mason, form the proceeds of the Mason Memorial Fund. As subscriptions to this fund are still being received, it may be mentioned the balance will be devoted to the endowment of the Mayo Orphanage, Simla.

A CONFERENCE of postal officials was held in Calcutta a few days ago, regarding the question of certain routes for the inland mails. Among those present were Messrs. K. J. Badshah, P. Sheridan, C. Stewart Wilson, and J. W. Sandell.

IT is under contemplation to close the office of the Special Deputy Collector of the Pulicat Division for acquiring land for the Bezwada-Madras Railway, the work in connection therewith being nearly at an end.

MR. C. W. HODSON has been confirmed in th post of Consulting Engineer for Railways to the Madras Government, but has proceeded on long leave. Mr. Hobbert, on the conclusion of his duties as Secretary to the Departmental Committee on Railways now sitting at Simla, will officiate for Mr. Hodson.

AN application, on behalf of Mrs. Twisdale, who was charged before Mr. Giles, at Mussoorie, under sections 380 and 411 of the Indian Penal Code, and committed to take her trial at the Sessions, was made by Mr. B. R. Bomonji, barrister-at-law, before the Sessions Judge, Saharanpur. Mr. Bomonji asked that the case might be taken at the ensuing Sessions, at Debra Dun, which commence on the 21st instant, representing that Mr. Pugh, Senior, of Calcutta, who is specially retained for the defence, would be leaving for England by the end of the month, and also because several witnesses now at Mussoorie would be dispersed to different parts of India if the case were fixed for any later Sessions. The learned counsel argued that the case for the defence would be seriously affected by delay, and it would put them to great expense and trouble in meeting the charges. The application was granted, and the case was fixed to be heard an the 24th September, at Debra, but the Sessions Judge of Saharanpur has asked the High Court to give him permission to try the case at Mussoorie.

PROPOSALS, it is understood, are being made to the effect that a new appointment be created of Secretary to the Madras Government. This officer, remarks a contemporary, is to be called into existence in order to relive the already existing Chief Secretary of portion of his duties, particularly those relating to municipal and educational affairs. There can be no manner of doubt that the Chief Secretary to the Madras Government is an extremely hard worked official, but when even an expedition and laborious officer had held the reins of the Secretariat he has always been able to keep pace somehow with the work—enormous though it be. In the Bombay Presidency there is a Chief Secretary as well as a Secretary to the local Government—the former drawing Rs. 3,750 per mensem, and the latter a few hundreds less. The various department are distributed among these two officials ; and the usual partition is, that one is entrusted with the Political, Secret, Judicial, and Educational departments, while the other takes charge of the Revenue, Financial, and General departments. But, it should be recollected, that the circumstances of the Bombay Presidency are different. In that Province the charge of the Political Department alone entails the supervision and control of about 350 Native States of various sizes. Under such circumstances this dual Secretariat control can well be understood ; but as regards Madras it may be permissible to question the urgent necessity of appointing a highly paid Secretary to Government. It is a great deal better after all that some work should not be done, than that fresh work sould be made, which is the constant tendency of these increases to the Secretariat for which every Province in turn applies. When it is a matter of increasing the work of the District establishments—as in the introduction of the income-tax, for instance—the extra work is thrown upon them without a second thought ; but when the unprofitable work of supervision, which grows by what it feeds on, has attained inconvenient limits, the Government concerned is always ready to ask for, and generally obtains, an increase of staff. A gradual, judicious starvation of the Secretariats is in truth far more wanted in the best interests of the country than any increase of them.

THE first game in the Durand football tournament was played at Annandale, Simla, on Monday afternoon, when the Somersetshire Light Infantry met the King's Royal Rifle Corps. The former were the favourites, but the heavy state of the ground after a thunder-storm seemed to suit the Rifles, who played up in wonderful form. The game ended in a draw, each team scoring three goals. There was great excitement among the spectators ; and this will be renewed on Friday, when the teams will play again on the conclusion of the first round.

A CURIOUS controversy is going on between Dr. Sanders and Dr. Simpson, Health Officer of Calcutta, regarding the merits of Professor Haffkine's choleraic inoculation. Dr. Sanders recently brought in a powerful indictment of this system, to which Dr. Simpson replied at great length, quoting statistics to prove the efficacy of inoculation. Dr. Sanders has returned to the charge, criticising Dr. Simpson's figures and making out a strong case against the accuracy of his facts. The latter has now retorted "that the impeachment of the anti-choleraic statistics is merely a reiteration of statements which I have dealt with fully in my reply, and which I have shown to be absolutely inaccurate. My report is founded on documents and entries which were made at the time of the occurrences, whereas Dr. Sanders' statements are based on mere hearsay, which he ought to know is perfectly untrustworthy. At a meeting of the Commissioners the alleged inaccuracies were put forward by Dr. Sanders in such manner as to lead the Commissioners to the conclusion, that if true, then the report of the Health Officer was fabricated. This serious aspect of case has not been touched by Dr. Sanders, though it has been thoroughly confuted in my reply." The whole of this remarkable correspondence is published.

MR. G. A. GRIERSON, C. I. E., Bankipur (Patna), has commenced operations in connection with the systematic survey of the vernacular languages of India, the compilation of which has, as we announced some time ago, been entrusted to him. District officers have been called upon to aid in the work, and an endeavour is being made to enlist the assistance of Native States also.

A SLIGHT change has been made in the constitution of the Syndicate of the Punjab University, the number of representative members having been raised from 18 to 20. The increase arises from the number elected by the Science Faculty having been made three instead of one. The necessity of the change is due to the power of conferring degrees in science having been conceded to the University. The Syndicate will now consist of twenty Fellows elected for one year by the several Faculties, subject to confirmation by the Senate, and constituted as follows :—Five by the Faculty of Arts, three by the Faculty of Law, three by the Faculty of Medicine, three by the Faculty of Science, and one by the Faculty of Engineering.

MR. VERNON HARCOURT'S report on his mission to investigate the state of the sandbanks in the river Hoogbly, is expected to make its appearance in three weeks.

THE total foreign trade of Calcutta by sea during August was valued at over six crores, being an advance of three per cent. upon the corresponding period of 1895.

A RAILWAY collision occurred on Monday morning, at Mugra station, on the East Indian Railway, when a goods train ran into another which was standing on the down line of the station. The engine of the in-coming train was damaged, the breakvan of the other was smashed, and several wagons were damaged. A relief train from Howrah was sent with workmen to clear the line. It is not known if any one was hurt. The down chord mail was more than an hour late that day in consequence.

BEHAR apparently is to be visited by a second abnormal drought in the present monsoon. Again there has been a lapse of fifteen days without rain and with west winds. The promise of rain is remote as only half the normal rainfall has reached the district. The agriculture outlook is sinking rapidly, and if, as appearances seem to show, the monsoon has broken up, there will follow an almost total failure of the paddy and cereal crops.

AN attempt was made last Friday to wreck a mixed train near Saunshi Station, on the Harrihar branch, of the Southern Mahratta Railway. The method used was the usual one, a big stone. Three carriages were derailed, but the passengers were not injured. The police are investigating the matter.

EXPERIMENTS in the Government Botanical Gardens, at Saharanpur, have proved the suitability of the soil and climate for the growing of pears. Two varieties of this luscious fruit were imported from Florida, and have yielded fruit of greatly superior quality to that of the country pear, as well as being suited for general culture on the plains. The tomato, too, loved of Pickwick and of excellent properties, has been grown with great success in the hills, giving a good supply of fruit from September to November. Other useful experiments have been made at the Saharanpur and Mussoorie Gardens, and bespeak great energy on the part of Mr. W. Gollan, the Superintendent.

THERE must be, at least, four to five hundred Europeans, men and women, now riding bicycles in Singapore, says the local paper. At present, these have no place for exercise, except upon roads, which are frequently rough and muddy, and which are sometimes dangerous from the conditions of the traffic. It often happens that a man may only have time for a spin of a few miles before dinner time, and, in the roads in the immediate neighbourhood of Singapore, he cannot safely attain such speed as will give him the needed exercise in the space of half an hour or so. A bicycle track is therefore proposed.

A NATIVE prisoner escaped from the Lahore Central Jail, on Sunday afterdoon. He was at work in the fields, and was only missed at half-past two o'clock, when the guard went to call in the prisoners. With the number of guards on duty, and the fact that the prisoner was in irons and also at work in an open space, it is difficult to conceive how he effected his escape. Some torn clothing, belonging to the prisoner, was found near the sewage stream, a quarter-of-a-mile from where he was at work, and in order to have got there he must have passed quite close to a number of prison officials. The Lahore police were called in during the evening and are investigating the case. The prisoner hailed from Gujranwala, and was sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment in May last.

NO one will be disposed to grumble at the small addition to army expenditure which a recently made rule will entail. This rule provides that a small library of books, calculated to impart secular and religious instruction, shall be allowed to each military prison. The chaplain of the prison is to have charge of the library, and will keep up the supply by indenting, at the beginning of the year, on the Controller of Military Accounts, for the replacement of worn-out books and such as are issued annually.

THE road from Baramulla to Srinugger has been completed. The tonga traffic on the road has begun, the first tonga having run on the 6th of September. The tedious progress of the doonga in the river and the crossing of the Woolar lake, which is the *bete noire* of the Cashmeri boatmen, may now be avoided.

THE vakils of the Chiefs of Hunza and Nagar, who had come to Srinugger with the annual tributes, have returned to their homes. The Chief of Nagar had sent 16 tolas of gold, and he of Hunza 21 tolas. The vakils got the usual khilluts, worth some Rs. 500, from the State, before they left Srinugger.

IN spite of larger shipments of tea, the value of which rose by twenty-five lakhs, exports by sea from Calcutta increased by only one per cent. in the month of August. A larger trade also was transacted in raw jute and jute manufactures, but with a falling off in exports of grain (chiefly rice and wheat), hides and skins, lac and seeds, a greater increase in the month's trade than that above stated was prevented.

MR. AND MRS. KENDAL, the well-known actor and actress, have settled at Filey, and both seem anxious to be useful there, throwing themselves into everything of interest in the place, such as children's sports, boating, fishing, &c. Both are ardent cyclists, says the *Eastern Morning News*, and have met the fate usual to lovers of the wheel. Mrs. Kendal found herself in too near proximity to one of the jockey carriages, the youthful rider of which assailed her in that voluble language apparently developed by the care and management of horses. Instantly Mrs. Kendal dismounted from her bicycle and read the boy a lesson. From pathos to tragedy, from tragedy to comedy, she ran up and down the gamut of rebuke. The boy turned white, then red, remained speechless the whole time, and when finally the lady finished, he remarked to a friend that "someone had taught her to talk, anyhow." One is reminded of Mrs. Siddons' inquiring in the linendraper's at Bath, as she fingered some material, "Will it wash ?" uttered in deep tragedic tones, at which the affrighted mercer fled from the counter.

A "CHARACTER" of Lord Lilford's collection was a raven taken from a nest in Northern Spain, and given to his Lordship twenty years ago. It was called Sankey. This name he used often to repeat, as though proud of it ; and he very quickly made himself at home on the lawn near a large old beech, at the west corner of the house. This bird always made a point of meeting anyone who came out of the hall door, and if it happened to be a man or a boy, Sankey had a provoking habit of seizing him by the trousers or pecking at his shoe leather ; but he was never so

PURELY PERSONAL.

THE Lord Chief Justice and Sir Frank Lockwood, when they reached New York the other day, received the usual amount of attention on the part of the newspaper representatives. Lord Russell, we are told by one of them, was "dressed in a suit of plaid cassimere, and wore a soft brown hat and russet shoes." But what chiefly attracted the reporter's eye was the fact that "he was the only member of the party who wore his trousers turned up at the bottom." This little characteristic, we are further told, is attributable to the circumstance that, "even more than Mr. Justice Jeune, the President of the English Divorce Court, he is a thorough follower of the fashion plates." Sir Frank Lockwood, on the other hand, is described as a "fine specimen of a man, and, loosely dressed in a comfortable suit of blue serge, he presented in his two inches over six feet of height an admirable type of Englishman."

Had she lived a few weeks longer Miss Barbara Reid, of Barra, Aberdeenshire, would have attained her century. She could boast of interesting lineage, her mother being the daughter of Dr. Thomas Livingstone, who was a relative of the great African pioneer and missionary. Her father was Sir John Reid, whose title became extinct about 10 years ago. Miss Reid died at her London residence, Kensington.

A reputation had been made by the late President of the Royal Academy at an age when most painters have scarcely more than begun their art training. At the age of eighteen he undertook the important work of painting the panels in the judges' lodgings at Leeds. Justices on circuit will not have the benefit of these pictures in future, as the Leeds Corporations propose to remove them to their own Art Gallery.

Expectation will be rife in the art world now that we have the news of the death of Baron Jerome Pichon. He was the owner of a magnificent and varied collection of treasures, begun as long ago as 1838, and weeded out only twice since then. His medieval gold work and enamels are unrivalled, and it is more than possible that the entire collection may now be dispersed. The late Baron was President of the Society of French Bibliophiles, and on his resignation, some little while ago, was succeeded by the Duc d' Aumale.

Among M. Zola's companions of his own craft and nationality upon the Index Expurgatorius, may be found Eugene Sue represented by "Les Mysteres de Paris" if not by "Le Juif Errant," Murger by his "Scenes de la Vie de Bohome,"; Hugo by his "Notre Dame de Paris," and "Les Miserables" Stendhal by his "Rouge et Noir" and Lamartine by his "Chute d'une Ange." Dumas and Georges Sand are also included. Among English philosophers, who also appear in the list, may be mentioned Locke and Mill.

When Sir Frank Lockwood was approached by the interviewer, he hurriedly remarked, with "a naivete that is so thoroughly characteristic of the man," "Oh! I'm only Lockwood, you know; it is Russell that you want to see." When it was pointed out, however, that the reporter had made no error in his personality, he said, "We had an exceptionally good trip, and I am glad of the opportunity to visit this great country. By the way, Russell may tell you that I was sick coming over, but, Russell, you know, is not a George Washington."

Questioned as to his plans, Sir Frank Lockwood said he intended to go to Saratoga, but it was uncertain whether he would deliver an address. "Russell and Crackanthorpe will do all the talking, and I can assure you that they are quite capable in that direction. After leaving Saratoga," Sir Frank added, "I intended to go to a place called Ni—Ni—Niagara, I think the place is called. At any rate, it's a village at which they have some kind of waterworks, I believe. Niagara is the name, is it not?" After Sir Frank had been solemnly assured by the reporter that there was such a place in America, and that it possessed some sort of a primitve waterfall, Sir Frank added that he wanted to see Montreal and Quebec, but that most of all he intended to find time to see Newport and Bar Harbour. His reason for his anxiety in this direction he refused to give.

In the Hatfield papers recently issued by the Historical Manuscripts Commission there is an amusing list of the presents sent to Sir Robert Cecil when he became Chief Secretary of State in 1596. The town of Colchester sent him oysters, and we are told that Sir John Gilbert sent a present of a "parakite," "which if well taught will speak anything." The directions for this creature's "entertainment" are quite interesting:—"He will eat all kinds of meat, and nothing will hurt him except it be very salt. If you put him on the table at meal-time he will make choice of his meat. He must be kept very warm, and after he hath filled himself he will set in a gentlewoman's ruff all the day. In the afternoon he will eat bread or oatmeal groats, drink water or claret wine. Every night he is put in the cage and covered warm." Among modern statesmen Lord Rosebery certainly has an aviary, but we have not heard that admiring Liberals are in the habit of replenishing it with strange birds.

"Crescent," the little "Record of Islam," an organ which has been established with the aim of assisting to convert England to Mohammedanism, tells sometimes funny stories. Here is one:—A Baptist clergyman in Liverpool, who is about to pay a visit to the Holy Land (Christian), was making a great brag about his intended journey to a member of the Liverpool Muslim Institute. "When I get there," the parson said in his best pulpit tone, "I will stand where Moses stood, and read the Ten Commandments from the top of Mount Sinai." "You had better stay at home and keep them," was the Muslim's laconic reply.

The most famous hymn of Mr. Sankey is said to be "The Ninety and Nine," and the "Christian Commonwealth" this week gives an interesting account of its birth. When leaving Glasgow for Edinburgh with Mr. Moody, Mr. Sankey stopped at a news-stand and bought a penny religious paper. Glancing over it, his eye fell upon a few little verses in the corner of the page. Turning to Mr. Moody, he said, "I've found my hymn." But Mr. Moody was busily engaged and did not hear a word. Mr. Sankey did not find time to make a tune for the verses, so he pasted them in his music scrap-book. One day they had an unusually impressive meeting in Edinburgh, in which Dr. Bonar had spoken with great effect on, "The Good Shepherd." At the close of the address Mr. Moody beckoned to his partner to sing something appropriate.

At first Mr. Sankey could think of nothing but the Twenty-third Psalm, but that he had sung so often; his second thought was to sing the verses he had found in the newspaper, but how could that be done when he had no tune for them? Then the thought came—and that was to sing the verses, anyway. He put the verses before him, touched the key of the organ, and sang, not knowing where he was going to come out. He finished the first verse amid profound silence. He took a long breath and wondered if he could sing the second the same way. He tried it and succeeded. After that it was easy to sing it. When he finished the hymn the meeting was all "broken down." Mr. Sankey says it was the most intense moment of his life. From that moment it was a popular hymn.

The present trouble in Zanzibar is sure to bring again into conspicuous notice the resourcefulness of the Prime Minister, Sir Lloyd William Mathews. This officer has had a rather remarkable career. He was originally a naval officer on board H.M.S. London, and spent many years in cruising for slavers on the East African cosat. When the London was paid out of commission in 1883 he took service under the late Sultan's predecessor, and raised, drilled, and equipped an army for him. Since then he has occupied a leading position in Zanzibar, and every traveller who has had to pass that way has always had much to say of the "General's" courtesy and kindness.

"The story noticed in the "Westminster Gazette" of the club-servant attributing to the Bishops the theft of umbrellas because 'these Bishops is so absent-minded' 'brings to my recollection," writes a correspondent, "that Dr. Whately, the Protestant Archbishop of Dublin, and Dr. Trench, his immediate successor, were proverbial for absent-mindedness. Dr. Whately forgot to write down the text of his first sermon, and when he had entered the pulpit was obliged (so writes his daughter in his biography) to communicate with the clerk to procure it. Dr. Trench, at a State dinner in Dublin Castle, forgot that he was not at his own dinner-table, and, addressing Mrs. Trench, who sat at some distance from him, said, 'The soup, my dear, is again a failure.'"

The writer of "Passages from a Private Diary" in the same "Cornhill"—which is, by the way, an excellent number—tells of having tried the other day to glean from some people who have long lived at Woodbridge a few fresh stories about Edward FitzGerald, but with no success:—"All they could tell me was that he never entertained and rarely accepted invitation; that he walked about a great deal, always wearing a plaid, always apparently lost in thought and recognising nobody, being indeed also short-sighted. The story lingers in the place that he once instructed his boatman to sew him up when he died in a hammock and pitch him over-board. But I am told that his tomb is now a place of pilgrimage, I suppose to young gentlemen who think the quatrains of Omar Khayyam the last word in the criticism of life. The pity of it, that FitzGerald should have sacrificed so exquisite a literary gift to refurbishing such antique pessimism and the irony of it, for a man who was always censuring Tennyson for his effeminating sentiment and calling on him for trumpet-blasts." The diarist adds that once he was told that FitzGerald and Charles Keene were friends for a long time "on the ground of a common attachment to the bagpipes, before either knew the side of the other that the world now cares for."

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B I S N Co's s s Lawada, 2,124 tons, Captain G F Simpson, cleared yesterday for Calcutta, &c, with a general cargo.

THE Asiatic S N Co's s s Nawab, 2,041 tons, Captain J C Sunderland, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta (22nd August) via coast ports, with a general cargo.

THE City Line s s City of Edinburg, 2,060 tons, Captain A M Baillie, which brought the s s Arracan in tow for repairs, cleared yesterday for Glasgow via London, with the same bottom cargo.

THE s s Lady Armstrong, 2,042 tons, Captain W Abbott, arrived in harbour on the 10th instant from Calcutta (5th September), with a cargo of 4,496 tons of coal. The vessel is consigned to Messrs Turner, Morrison and Co.

THE Anchor Line s s Nubia, 2,318 tons, Captain T G Knox, cleared yesterday for Marseilles and Liverpool, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Rev and Mrs Beeby and two children, Miss Bridgen, Lieutenant W E Pye, and three deck.

THE B I S N Co's s s Pemba, 986 tons, Captain W H Rothwell, sailed yesterday for the Persian Gulf via Karachee, with a general cargo, and the following passengaars:—Col Graves, Mr Esmal and friends, Mr Essoofalli Alibhoy, and two others, Mr Hayderally Abdoola and two others, Lieut Parker, four native officers, Mr Esop, Mr Khar, Mrs Hussunbhoy, Mr and Mrs Alidina, Mrs Canjee Gangjee and 55 deck.

ARRIVALS.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
16	Lady Armstrong (s)	Abbott	Calcutta, Sept 5.
17	Nawab (s)	Sunderland....	Calcutta, Aug 22.
	Kola (s).....	Whitehead ..	Karachi, &c.

DEPARTURES.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
17	Vincenzo Florio (s).	Montano (s)....	Genoa, &c.
	Mirzapore (s).....	London	Shanghai.
	Pemba (s).....	Rothwell	Persian Gulf.
	Chindwara (s)	Stewart.....	Calcutta, &c.
	Lawada (s)	Simpson	Calcutta, &c.
	Cy of Edinburgh (s)	Baillie.....	London, &c.

The steamer Nubia, Captain Knox, obtained her port-clearance yesterday for Marseilles and Liverpool.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—
Steamer Nawab, for Calcutta and coast ports.
" Benares, for Madras and Calcutta.
" Kola, for Karachi via Kathiawar coast ports.
" Bhundara, for Calcutta, Rangoon, &c.

DAILY EXPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 17.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
Persia s—160 bales cotton, The New Mofussil Co.
FOR LONDON.
Peninsular s—1 bundle carpets, Kerr Tarruck and Co; 1 case carpets, Soondy and Co; 15 cwt peacock feathers, S Rehimtoola; 4 cwt fishmaws, R Dhunjee and Co; 21 cases condiments, Jamsetjee N Tata.
FOR ANTWERP.
Iran s—100 cwt gum, Societe Generale Mercantile; 187½ cwt rapeseed, Tyabjee and Co; 152 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.
FOR DUNKIRK.
Iran s—100 bales cotton, Walter Thacker and Co.
FOR HAMBURG.
Rheinfels s—2 bales carpets, Glade and Co; 5,625 cwt rapeseed, Ralli Brothers; 110 bales cotton, The Bombay Co.
FOR BREMEN.
Rheinfels s—220 bales cotton, Glade and Co.
FOR MARSEILLES.
Nubia s—15 cwt teelseed, 1,999 cwt groundnuts, and 4,017 cwt linseed, Ralli Brothers.
Persia r—200 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 4,000 cwt castorseed Finlay Muir and Co.
FOR CALCUTTA.
Lawada s—100 bales cotton, L Gungasagar.
Nawab s—490 bales cotton, H Amoolukchand; 152 bales cotton, P E Guzdar.
FOR HONGKONG.
Brindisi—30 bales cotton, Aga Mamed Dedustee; 15 cases condiments, 6 cwt almonds, M Poonjiajee and Sons; 100 bales twist, B Nusserwanjee; 165 bales twist, Tata and Co; 300 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.
Vindobona s—230 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co; 406 bales twist, Cursetjee Bamonjee and Co.
FOR SHANGHAI.
Vindobona s—200 bales twist, R Canjee and Co; 160 bales twist, Cursetjee Bomonjee and Co.
Brindisi s—10 bales twist, Killick Nixon and Co; 282 bales twist, Tata and Co; 25 bales twist, Framjee Sons and Co.
FOR KOBE.
Brindisi s—350 bales cotton, C Ebrahim and Co.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—SEPTEMBER 17.

Rose, Capt, Punjab the Blackwatch, on leave, from Sabathu.
Smith, Surg Capt, M s A M S, on leave, from Secunderabad.
Magrath, Surg-Major, M s A M S, on leave, from Secunderabad.

DEPARTURES.—SEPTEMBER 17.

Parker, Capt, 28th Bo I, to rejoin, to Loralai.
Clowes, Capt, Bo Comt Transport, on leave, to Poona.
McNeece, Surg Major, Bo A M S, off leave, to Ahmednagar.
Holland, Capt, Punjab 24th P I, to rejoin, to Malakand.
Pye, Lt, Bengal 2nd Derby Regt, on leave, to England.
Woodforde, Finden, Brig Surg Lt Col, Bengal I M S, private affairs, to England.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.
REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY CAPTAIN W. G. WILSON, COMMANDING B. V. A.
Bombay, 18th September, 1896.
1. Temporary leave of absence has been granted to Lieut A. J. Peile, Adjutant, B. V. A. from 18th to 22nd September.
By Order,
A. J. PEILE, Lieut., R.A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.
REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R. S. BROWN, V.D., COMMANDING B. V. R.
Bombay, 18th September, 1896.
1. Company Drill at which members of all Adult Companies are invited to attend will be held at 5-15 p.m. on Monday the 21st instant on the ground in rear of the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital opposite Head-quarters.
Dress:—Any. Arms, &c., will be issued on the ground.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.
1. There will be Tent-pegging at the Marine Lines near the Bombay Gymkhana on Saturday the 19th instant at 7 a.m.
2. There will be practice at the Colaba Range at 500 and 600 yards on Saturday the 19th instant at 4 p.m.
3. Members are requested to send to Head-quarters for their carbines.
4. The squadron will parade at the Riding School on Wednesday next the 23rd instant at 7 a.m. Plain clothes. All members are requested to attend.
By Order,
C. MOSS, Captain,
Adjutant, B. V. R.

NOTICE.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES CYCLING CLUB.
The first Dance of the Club will take place in the Town Hall to-day (Friday) the 18th instant, at 9 p.m.
Fancy or Evening Dress.
Tickets can be obtained at the door or from the following:—
Lieut. H. C. Roe, Apollo Hotel, Fort.
Sergt.-Major J. H. Downing, Head-quarters, Bo. Vol. Rifles.
Cr.-Sergt. R. F Smith, Grants Buildings, Colaba.
Sergeant S. F. Pearcey, Government Dockyard, Fort.
Sergeant W. G. Nicoll, Victoria Buildings, Fort.
Sergt. C. S. Smith, Cathedral High School, Fort.
Corporal G. F. Lund, Lund and Hockley, Fort.
Lce.-Corpl. R. W. Laxton, Sullivan's Buildings Grant Road-Girgaum.
Lce.-Corpl. W. T. Sell, Govt. Telegraph Quarters, Fort.
Volunteer H. Row, Hope Hall Estate, Mazagon.
Cadet E. A. Fern, 39 Hornby Road, Fort.
W. B. Green's Restaurant, Apollo Bunder.
Fancy Dress.
Members Re. 1; Members of the Corps Rs. 2; and others Rs. 3 to include one lady.
Evening Dress.
Members Rs. 2; Members of the Corps Rs. 3; and others Rs. 4 to include one lady.
Extra lady Re. 1.
Light refreshments will be provided.

Tender Feet,
Hot Feet, Tired Feet
Instantly Relieved by
Condy's Fluid.
Cheap, Safe, Certain.
Directions with Bottle.
Sold Everywhere.
Refuse Imitations.
USE
Condy's Fluid

CAUTION! CAUTION!!
Refuse imitations which are always inferior in Composition and Strength.
The Genuine Bottle is like this
Insist on "CONDY'S FLUID."

NOTICES.

POISON in the BLOOD,
Which is the Direct Cause of RHEUMATISM, and in fact of Most Physical Troubles.
URIC ACID.
When the Kidneys fail to do their duty, this ACID REMAINS in the BLOOD.
If this Acid is removed from the Blood,
RHEUMATISM will DISAPPEAR
There has never been but one known Remedy for Kidney Troubles, and consequently for
RHEUMATISM,
and that is WARNER'S SAFE CURE.
It is endorsed by Physicians, approved by Scientists, and used by the best people in the land.
It will pay you to bear these things in mind.
SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND DEALERS.

FOR
BEAUTIFUL HAIR
Ayer's Hair Vigor
RESTORES COLOR,
PROMOTES
Luxuriant Growth,
Keeps the scalp cool, moist, healthy, and free from dandruff. It is the best dressing in the world, and is perfectly harmless. Those desiring to retain the youthful appearance of the hair to an advanced period of life should use
Ayer's Hair Vigor.
Gold Medals at the World's Great Expositions.
Beware of cheap imitations. The name—Ayer—is prominent on the wrapper, and is blown in the glass of each bottle.
General Agents H. E. BODE & SONS, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

THE BEST
"REFRESHER"
IN INDIA.
J. & R. TENNENT'S
Wellpark Brewery Glasgow
TRADE MARK
PILSENER BEER
BREWED IN SCOTLAND
Per Case of 4 Doz. Qrts. Rs. 22.0
Per Case of 8 Doz. Pints Rs. 31.0
LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO PURCHASERS OF FIVE CASES AND UPWARDS.
Agents—
Calcutta & Bombay—Turner, Morrison & Co.
Madras - - Spencer & Co.
Rangoon - - Binning & Co.
Karachi ROBINSON MORRISON & Co.

THE GREAT REMEDY.
BLAIR'S GOUT PILLS,
For Gout, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Claim a superiority over all other Gout and Rheumatic medicines. They give relief from pain in a few hours, and a speedy cure. Their action is so gentle (the composition being purely vegetable) that they may be taken by the most delicate persons.
Sold by all Stores throughout India.

LUNGILI,
THE NEW DRUG FOR
DIARRHŒA
AND
DYSENTERY
Testimonial from Mr. C. A. MOREING, M.Inst.C.E., Broad Street House, London, E.C.
"GENTLEMEN,—I have much pleasure in telling you that I have taken the Lungili you so kindly sent me, and it appears to have completely cured me. I have been suffering four years from dysentery, the result of malarial fever caught in Africa, and no doctors were able to do me any permanent good by the ordinary remedies.
Yours truly, C. ALGERNON MOREING."
Price 4s. 6d. per oz. from the Importers—
THE LUNGILI CO., 35, Ludgate Hill, BIRMINGHAM

LEA & PERRINS'
OBSERVE THAT THE SIGNATURE
Lea & Perrins
IS NOW PRINTED IN BLUE INK DIAGONALLY ACROSS THE OUTSIDE WRAPPER of every Bottle of the
ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE
Sold Wholesale by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, Ltd., London; and Export Oilmen generally.
RETAIL EVERYWHERE.
SAUCE.
Agents:—GREAT EASTERN HOTEL Co., and Messrs. BISSONAUTH, LAW & Co., Calcutta.

S. & H. HARRIS
FOR Boots, Shoes, Harness, AND ALL Black Leather Articles.
Does not injure the Leather.
Requires no Brushing.
ASK FOR IT.
S.H.HARRIS'S SADDLE PASTE
FOR SADDLES, BROWN HARNESS ETC.
DIRECTIONS FOR USE.
KEEP THE BOX COVERED
WATERPROOF.
HARNESS LIQUID Or Self-shining Jet.
JET BLACK OIL FOR HARNESS.
Sold by all Saddlers, Ironmongers and Storekeepers.
Manufactory: LONDON, E.

ASK FOR
LIEBIG COMPANY'S
EXTRACT OF MEAT
And see that each Jar bears Justus von Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across the Label.
FINEST AND CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK FOR SOUPS, MADE DISHES AND SAUCES.
Invaluable for India as an Efficient Tonic in all cases of Weakness. Keeps good in the hottest Climates, and for any length of time.
To be had of all Storekeepers and Dealers throughout India.
The Company's NEW COOKERY BOOK sent free on application to
LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT CO., Ltd., 9, Fenchurch Avenue, London, England.
Cookery Books may also be had gratis on application at the office of this paper.

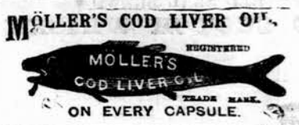
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S, LTD.,
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies,
Tart Fruits, Potted Meats,
Preserved Fish, Soups, Game,
Sausages, Hams, Bacon, & Cheese
May be obtained of all Storekeepers throughout India.
SPECIAL AGENTS FOR
LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

BEST AND SAFEST APERIENT.
RECOMMENDED AND PRESCRIBED BY MEDICAL MEN EVERYWHERE.
"Hunyadi János"
ANNUAL SALE EXCEEDS SIX MILLION BOTTLES.
The "BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL" says of "Hunyadi János":—"It has established itself in favour with leading physicians and therapeutists of every country, whose testimonies bear witness to its action as a speedy, sure and gentle Aperient for ordinary use; it is remarkably and exceptionally uniform in its composition and free from defects incidental to many other Hungarian Bitter Waters."

ADMIRABLY ADAPTED TO THE WANTS OF INFANTS" Sir Chas. A Cameron M.D
Neave's Food
HIGHLY NUTRITIOUS." Lancet.
FOR INFANTS. CHILDREN. INVALIDS & THE AGED

BEETHAM'S
GLYCERINE-AND-
CUCUMBER
For INDIA and all HOT CLIMATES this sweetly scented emollient Milk is INVALUABLE
IT KEEPS the SKIN COOL and REFRESHED in the HOTTEST WEATHER,
Removes and prevents all SUNBURN, REDNESS, FRECKLES, TAN, etc., and
RENDERS the SKIN DELICATELY SOFT, SMOOTH and WHITE.
It entirely prevents it from becoming DRY and WRINKLED, and PRESERVES the COMPLEXION from the scorching effects of the SUN and WIND more effectually than any other preparation. The IRRITATION caused by the BITES and STINGS of INSECTS is wonderfully allayed by its use. For imparting that soft velvety feeling to the skin, this delightful preparation has no equal. Sold by all Chemists.
Sole Makers M. BEETHAM & SON, Chemists, Cheltenham, England.
MESSRS. TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY.

NOTICES.

MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL.


ON EVERY CAPSULE.
The only scientifically prepared Extract of the Fresh and Healthy Livers of the true Codfish, "Gadus Morrhua." Free from Hydroxyls, and consequently from "Aftertaste" and "Repeating," or any other possible objection.

MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL.
(BY PATENTED PROCESS.)
Peter Möller's Cod Liver Oil is obtaining more favour with the Public and increased reputation amongst the Medical Profession, day by day.

MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL.
(BY PATENTED PROCESS.)
In the years 1851-1853, considerable attention was called to Cod Liver Oil; but its use was restricted in consequence of the crude method of its production; which gave a turbid, brownish, uncanny preparation, nauseous to the palate, and sometimes impossible of digestion.

MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL.
(BY PATENTED PROCESS.)
Since then the introduction by Peter Möller of a new application of steam, conducted under his own personal supervision, has secured the utmost cleanliness in every detail of the manufacture, and the Public have been able to obtain a pure, sweet, reliable, and digestible Oil, when they *insisted* upon having Möller's—well, if they did not insist that was not Möller's fault.

MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL.
(BY PATENTED PROCESS.)
In forty years Möller made many improvements: All the so-called substitutes were carefully examined and analyzed, emulsions and mixtures, tinctures and essences, the bases of which were everything nearly—*except* Cod Liver Oil; and in the majority of cases no more expensive article than water (Aqua Pura).

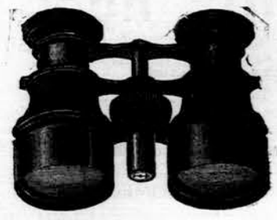
MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL.
(BY PATENTED PROCESS.)
With these investigations it became more and more evident to Dr. Möller (who continued the researches of his father) that the "Active principle of Cod Liver Oil is the Oil itself" and not as some chemists have supposed in the "remaining five per cent." after the separation of the ninety-five per cent. of fat and fat-acids (so called).

MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL.
(BY PATENTED PROCESS.)
Impressed also with the fact that, excellent as his Oil was, there yet remained something to be accomplished, before perfection could be claimed: in fact no Oil had ever been made which presented the extremely delicate and pleasant flavour of the Oil as it is found in the *freshly boiled livers*, therefore.—

MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL.
(BY PATENTED PROCESS.)
Important laboratory extensions were added, with every modern appliance for chemical investigation, and the exhaustive experiments of some ten years being prosecuted with renewed vigour, finally obtained reward in full measure. The practical outcome is an entirely new process, producing a totally different Cod Liver Oil, lighter in colour, more limpid, wholly free from the taste, the "after taste," and the odour of even the better kinds of Oil, and SUITED TO THE MOST DELICATE STOMACH.

MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL.
(BY PATENTED PROCESS.)
This Oil is now in every good Chemist's shop, and although considerable outlay has been incurred in chemical research, and in obtaining patents, the prices have not been advanced. All bottles are capsuled and bear the trade mark and perforated date as formerly. In case of difficulty or dissatisfaction write to Peter Möller, 43, Snow Hill, London, E.C.

Established in Paris 1770. 40 Prize Medals.
THREE LEADING FACTORIES—
PARIS—LONDON—STRASBOURG.
COMPAGNIE FRANCAISE,
Purveyors by Special Appointment to H. R. H. the Princess of Wales.
CHOCOLATE, COCOA AND CONFECTIONERY
"Reviving Sweets repair the mind's decay."—*Pope.*
Guaranteed Absolutely Pure.
"EXCOCEL"
In Packets and Tins.
Grand flavour, delicate aroma.
"Dietetic, sustaining properties."—Vide *Analysts*.
SUPERIOR CHOCOLATE,
½ lb. Packets. (Yellow Wrappers.)
CHOCOLATE WAFERS.
Large and Small Boxes. A delicious eating Chocolate.
CHOCOLATE HORSESHOES (Registered)
A superior eating Chocolate in handsome horseshoe boxes.
HIGH LIFE BONBONS,
The most tasteful Dessert Sweetmeat. Elegant Boxes.
"REVIVISCENT" CHOCOLATE.
Invented and prepared chiefly for use in cases where sugar is considered harmful. Guaranteed without sugar or farinaceous substances. (Vide *Lancet*.)
Agents:—Hind & Davison, Lahore; W. Leslie & Co., Calcutta.

PERRINS' CELEBRATED
"LYNX"
POCKET FIELD GLASSES.

Thorough good value, Rs. 25.
The LYNX POCKET BINOCULAR is not a toy but an achromatic glass of sharp definition and good power measuring only 4 3/16 inches by 2 6/8 inches.
PERRINS' widely known Binocular *Field & Race Glasses* are all thoroughly achromatic, and for finish power, and sharpness of definition excel those of all other makers at the same prices. A quantity of cheap showy rubbish is sent out to India, and doubtless finds a market, but a really good achromatic glass is an altogether different thing.
LAWRENCE & MAYO,
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, AND BOMBAY.
SOLE AGENTS FOR PERRINS, LONDON.
Catalogues of Binoculars, Telescopes and Microscopes free on application

Stephens Inks
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
HIGHLY RECOMMENDED BY MEDICAL MEN.
WHITE'S Patent LEVER MOC-MAIN TRUSS
(No Steel in Band.) Effective & light. Equally comfortable in an erect or reclining position.
SCIATIC, KIDNEY & other BELTS
All Kinds of ELASTIC GOODS.

Prices:—
Single, 14/-, 18/-, & 21/-
Double, 26/-, 30/-, & 33/6
All goods are manufactured on the premises, & if genuine, should bear our stamp.
Consultations, Prescriptive Circular, Price List, &c., free.
J. WHITE'S, CO., Ld., London, 228, Piccadilly, England. Est. 50 Years.

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NOTICES.

BROWN'S FOUR CROWN
RED SEAL BRAND
OLD SCOTCH WHISKY
same as supplied to
H. R. H. the PRINCE of WALES.

This is the cream of Specially Selected Old Scotch Whiskies, being soft, potent and rich in bouquet; it is of perfect purity, free from all fusel oils, and from its age and incomparable quality it continues to be THE MOST POPULAR BRAND in the country.

NOTA BENE.—Please note that fac-simile of ROBERT BROWN'S AUTOGRAPH SIGNATURE and RED SEAL are on the label, without which none represents the celebrated **FOUR CROWN RED SEAL BRAND.**

Rs. 27-8 per case of one dozen.

Special terms to Clubs, Messes and the Trade.

D. P. BATHA & Co., BOMBAY,
Sole Agents and Importers.

ALLAN'S ANTI-FAT

PURELY VEGETABLE, Perfectly Harmless. Will reduce from two to five pounds per week; acts on the food in the stomach, preventing its conversion into Fat. Sold by Chemists. Send stamp for pamphlet.
Botanic Medicine Co.,
2, New Oxford-street,
London, W.C.

NO STABLE IS COMPLETE WITHOUT

For Sprains, Curbs, and Splints when forming.
For Over-reaches, Chapped Heels, Wind Galls.
For Rheumatism in Horses.
For Sore Throats and Influenza.
For Broken Knees, Bruises, Capped Hocks.
For Sore Shoulders, Sore Backs.
For Sprains, Cuts, Bruises in Dogs.
For Cramp in Birds.
Indispensable in any stable, but especially in the stable of a Master of Hounds.
HADDINGTON,
Master of Berwickshire Hounds.

ELLIMAN'S UNIVERSAL EMBROCATION 1/1½

Prepared only
BY ELLIMAN SONS & Co.
SLOUGH ENGLAND

"A CHARMING SCENT."
H.R.H. The Duchess of York.

ATKINSON'S
WHITE ROSE.
"The Sweetest of Sweet Odours."
Delightfully and delicately fragrant
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
ATKINSON'S IS THE ONLY GENUINE.
Perfume, Toilet Powder, Soap, Tooth Powder, Sachets, & all other specialities with this "charming" odour, of all Dealers throughout the World & of the Manufacturers—
J. & E. ATKINSON, 24, Old Bond St., London.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA

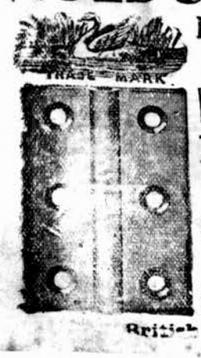
BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctor's bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.*

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound and pound tins, by Grocers, labelled thus:

JAMES EPPS & Co., Ltd.,
Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

GOLD & Co.'s



BIRMINGHAM
ENGLAND
WROUGHT IRON
HINGES
ARE THE CHEAPEST
AND
BEST IN THE MARKET
Indentors can obtain same through all
British Merchants

MARCKS & Co., Ld.

TANTALUS SPIRIT STANDS.

LATEST NOVELTIES.

Silver Mounted Toilet Bottles, 3¾ in., Rs. 4-8 each.

Silver Mounted Toilets in Cases, Rs. 40, Rs. 56, and Rs. 80.

Silver Mounted Toilet Bottle, 8 in., Rs. 13.

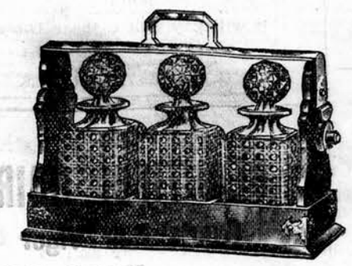
Cigar and Cigarette Boxes, Rs. 36.

Tantalus Perfume Stands, 3 Sizes, Rs. 30, Rs. 46, and Rs. 65.

Silver Mounted Toilet Bottle, 4 in., Rs. 9-8.

Tantalus Spirit Stand .....Rs. 35.
Do. do. 2 pint Bottles ... ,, 26.

New Jewel, Perfume and Toilet Cabinet, Rs. 200.



Tantalus Frame, 3 pint Bottles, Rs. 80.

Tantalus Frame, 3 pint Bottles, Rs. 38.

Corinthian Tantalus Spirit Frame, 3 quart Bottles, Rs. 145.

Combination Spirit, Liqueur, Cigar and Game Cabinet, Rs. 180.

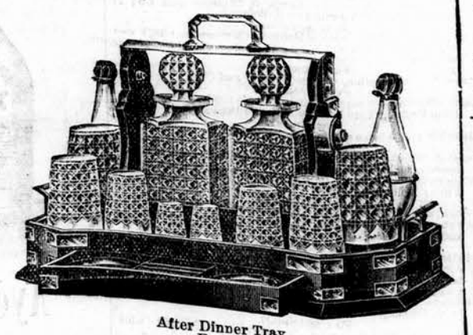
BOMBAY & POONA.

FANCY CABINET GOODS.

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATION.

Tantalus Spirit Stand, 3 pint Bottles, Rs. 35.

Silver Mounted Toilet Bottle, 8 in., Rs. 13.



After Dinner Tray, Rs. 240.

Vinolia Soap

Don't use Boiled Soap for the Toilet.

VINOLIA IS A REFINED SOAP.

It keeps the complexion fresh and clear.

No other soap has received such high awards as VINOLIA SOAP.

DON'T ECONOMIZE AT THE EXPENSE OF YOUR COMPLEXION.

For Itching. For Itching. For Itching. For Itching. For Itching. For Itching.

Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots.

The Editor, "BABY," reports:—For acne spots on the face it is undoubtedly efficacious, frequently healing eruptions, and removing pimples in a few days. It relieves itching at once.

VINOLIA SOAPS.—ALL PRICES, VINOLIA SHAVING STICKS AND CAKES AND VINOLIA POWDER (FOR THE COMPLEXION).

"G.B." FOR DIABETES. FOR KIDNEY COMPLAINTS.

DIABETES
FOR RHEUMATISM. FOR GOUT. **WHISKY.**

Sold by all leading Merchants in India.
HIGHEST MEDICAL ANALYSES AND TESTIMONIALS.
Post Free of the Sole Proprietors,
GEORGE BACK & Co., DEVONSHIRE SQUARE, LONDON.

ESTABLISHED OVER HALF A CENTURY

FREEMAN'S

REJECT SUBSTITUTES

Sold Everywhere **ORIGINAL** in Bottles at 12 Annas and Rs. 1/8 to Rs. 16.

CHLORODYNE

CURES FEVERS, INFLUENZA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and ASIATIC CHOLERA, AGUE, CRAMP, COLIC, NEURALGIA, and DENGUE FEVER.

HUNTLY BLEND OF FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY

REGISTERED BB

HUNTLY BOTTLING STORES GLASGOW

Facsimile of Label.

ALL MERCHANTS.

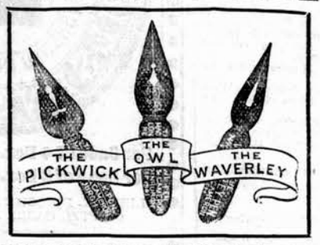
AGENTS:
TURNER, MORRISON & Co., BOMBAY.

THE BOONS AND BLESSINGS.

Recommended by 3007 Newspapers.

"They are a Treasure."
Standard.

Sold by all Stationers.



They come as a boon and a blessing to men,
The Pickwick, the Owl and the Waverley Pen.

"The Waverley Pen is a Treasure."
Standard.

"The Owl Pen is par excellence the Ladies' Pen."
Court Journal

"The Pickwick Pen embodies an improvement of great value."
Engineer.

MACNIVEN & CAMERON, WAVERLEY WORKS, EDINBURGH.

DINNEFORD'S

THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION.

THE SAFEST MILD APERIENT FOR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, LADIES, CHILDREN AND INFANTS, AND FOR REGULAR USE IN WARM CLIMATES.

MAGNESIA

SOLD THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

N.B.—ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

GOLD MEDAL, HEALTH EXHIBITION, LONDON.

Benger's Food

FOR INFANTS, INVALIDS, & THE AGED

Delicious, Nutritive, Digestible.

"Retained when all other Foods are rejected. It is invaluable."
LONDON MEDICAL RECORD.

EXTRACTS FROM PRIVATE LETTERS.

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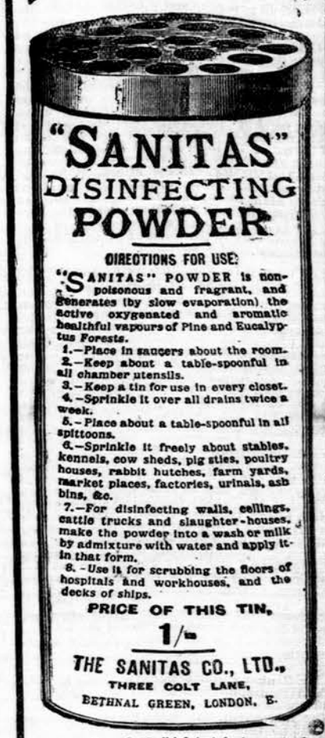

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3.—Keep a tin for use in every closet.
4.—Sprinkle it over all drains twice a week.
5.—Place about a table-spoonful in all spittoons.
6.—Sprinkle it freely about stables, kennels, cow sheds, pig sties, poultry houses, rabbit hutches, farm yards, market places, factories, urinals, ash bins, &c.
7.—For disinfecting walls, ceilings, cattle trucks and slaughter-houses, make the powder into a wash or milk by admixture with water and apply it in that form.
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